PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

Established June 23, 1862. Vol. 6. PORTLAND, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1867. *Terms Eight Dollars per annum, in advance.*

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS is published every day, (Sunday excepted,) at No. 1 Printers' Exchange, Commercial Street, Portland.

N. A. FOSTER, PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—Eight Dollars a year in advance.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS, is published at the same place every Thursday morning at $2.00 a year, invariably in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—One inch of space, in length of column, constitutes a "square."

$1.50 per square daily first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions or less, $1.00; continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents.

Half square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.

Under head of "AMUSEMENTS," $2.00 per square per week; three insertions or less, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, $1.25 per square for the first insertion, and 25 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1.00 per square for first insertion and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. M. BREWER,
(Successors to J. Smith & Co.)
Manufacturer of Leather Belting.
Also for sale
Belt Leather, Backs & Sides, Lace Leather,
RIVETS and BURS,
sept3dtf n **311 Congress Street.**

W. P. FREEMAN & CO.,
Upholsterers
and Manufacturers of
FURNITURE, LOUNGES, BED-STEADS
Spring-Beds, Mattresses, Pew Cushions,
No. 1 Clapp's Block- foot Chestnut Street, Portland.
W. P. FREEMAN, D. W. DEANE. C. L. QUINBY.
aug10tf n

A. N. NOYES & SON,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Stoves, Ranges & Furnaces,
Can be found in their
NEW BUILDING ON LIME ST.,
(Opposite the Market.)
Where they will be pleased to see all their former customers and receive orders as usual. aug17dtf n

H. P. DEANE,
Counsellor and Attorney,
No. 8, Clapp's Block, Congress St.
☞ Particular attention given to writing Wills, Contracts, Deeds and Legal Instruments.
July 31, 1866. dtf

W. H. CLIFFORD,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
—AND—
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
NO. 8 CLAPP'S BLOCK,
aug2dtf Congress Street.

CHASE, CRAM & STURTEVANT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Widgery's Wharf,
oct16dtf PORTLAND, ME.

HOWARD & CLEAVES,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Office No. 17 Free Street,
Near Middle Street.
Joseph Howard, Jy9tf n Nathan Cleaves.

M. PEARSON,
Gold and Silver Plater
—AND—
Manufacturer of Silver Ware,
Temple Street, first door from Congress Street
PORTLAND, ME.
May 19—dly n

A. WILBUR & CO.,
112 Tremont Street, Boston,
Importers and Dealers in
WELCH and AMERICAN
ROOFING SLATES,
of all colors, and slating nails. Careful attention paid to shipping. n aug22—6m

JABEZ C. WOODMAN,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Has saved his Library. Office at 2 1-2 Free street, in the Griffith block, third story. n jy9dtf

BRADBURY & SWEAT
Counsellors at Law,
249 CONGRESS STREET,
Chadwick Mansion, opposite United States Hotel, Portland Maine.
Bion Bradbury. nov 9tf J. D. M. Sweat

Deering, Milliken & Co.,
Wholesale Dry Goods,
31 COMMERCIAL STREET,
aug31-dtf **Portland, Maine.**

JOSEPH STORY
Penrhyn Marble Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in ENAMELED SLATE CHIMNEY PIECES, BRACKETS, PIER SLABS, GRATES and CHIMNEY TOPS. Importer and dealer in English Floor Tiles, German and French Flower Pots, Hanging Vases, Parian, Bisque, and Bronze Statuettes and Busts. Glass Shades and Walnut Stands, Bohemian and Lava Vases and other wares.
12 TREMONT STREET Studio Building
aug22—6m n BOSTON, Mass.

SHEPLEY & STROUT
COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
OFFICE,
Post Office Building, 2d story; Entrance on Exchange street.
G. F. SHEPLEY. jy9tf A. A. STROUT.

R. W. ROBINSON,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
CHADWICK HOUSE,
249 Congress Street.
Jan 4—dtf

PERCIVAL BONNEY,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
Morton Block, Congress Street,
Two Doors above Preble House,
PORTLAND, ME.
nov19 tf

DAVIS, MESERVE, HASKELL & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
Dry Goods and Woolens,
Arcade 18 Free Street,
F. DAVIS, C. H. MESERVE, L. P. HASKELL, E. CHAPMAN. PORTLAND, ME
nov9'65dtf

D. CLARKE & CO.
can be found
AT 29 MARKET SQUARE,
UNDER LANCASTER HALL.
Boots and Shoes for Sale Cheap.
jy10 dtf

W. F. PHILLIPS & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
No. 148 Fore Street.
oct 17-dtf

JOHN W. DANA,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
No. 30 Exchange St.
Dec 6—dtf

ROSS & FEENY,
PLASTERERS,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
STUCCO AND MASTIC WORKERS,
Oak Street, between, Congress and Free Sts., PORTLAND, ME.
Coloring, Whitening and White-Washing promptly attended to. Orders from out of town solicited.
May 22—dtf

S. L. CARLETON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
27 Market Square.
Sept 24—dtf n

A. E. & C. H. HASKELL,
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Provisions,
West India Goods, Meats, &c.,
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
384 Congress St, Portland, Me.
Jan5 dtf

WM. W. WHIPPLE,
Wholesale Druggist,
21 MARKET SQUARE,
PORTLAND, ME.
aug2 tf

DARIUS H. INGRAHAM,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
has removed his office to
Cor. Exchange and Federal Streets.
jan10 1w*

BUISNESS CARDS.

SMITH & CLARK,
Wholesale Dealers in
TEAS, COFFEES & SPICES,
169 FORE STREET,
PORTLAND, ME.
Jan14 dtf

W. W. THOMAS. Jr.,
Attorney and Counseller at Law,
[CHADWICK HOUSE.]
249 Congress Street.
oct6-dly

J. B. HUDSON, JR.,
ARTIST,
27 Market Square,
au22tf6m PORTLAND, ME.

W. H. WOOD & SON,
BROKERS,
No. 178 - - - - Fore Street.
n y7 tf

H. M. PAYSON,
STOCK BROKER.
No. 30 Exchange Street,
PORTLAND, ME. no21dtf

C. J. SCHUMACHER,
FRESCO PAINTER.
Office at the Drug Store of Messrs. A. G. Schlotterbeck & Co.,
303 Congress St, Portland, Me,
ja12dtf One door above Brown.

THOS. K. JONES,
SIGN PAINTER,
SUCCESSOR TO WM. CAFEN,
at present at
OSGOOD'S, 12 MARKET SQUARE.
Refers as specimens of his work to the following signs:—Lowell & Senter, Bailey & Noyes, Ocean Insurance Co., and others on Exchange street; Crosman & Co., Schlotterbeck & Co., Lowell & Senter, and others on Congress street; W. T. Kilborn & Co., A. D. Reeves, and others on Free street. jan9dtm*

Kimball & Prince,
Dentists.
No. 11 Clapp's Block, Congress Street,
Opposite Old City Hall,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
C. Kimball, D. D. S. oc10eodtf Fred A. Prince.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL!
HANSON BROS.,
Sign and Window Shade Painters,
Have removed to
No. 3 FREE ST. BLOCK, (up stairs.,)
Where they are better than ever prepared to attend to all orders for work in their line of business.
jan14—1w*

REMOVAL!
TUKEY, CHASE, & CO., Jobbers of **Boots Shoes & Rubbers,** have this day removed to new store Nos. **52 & 54** Union Street. While thanking our friends for the patronage extended to us heretofore we would invite them and the public generally to give us a call at our new place of business.
Portland, January 11, 1867. ja12d2w

REMOVED.
STROUT & GAGE,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
have removed to Office
Corner Exchange and Federal Sts.,
Over Loring's Drug Store.
S. C. STROUT. H. W. GAGE.
dec31 d&wtf

OUT OF THE FIRE!
B. F. SMITH & SON'S
New Photograph Rooms,
—AT—
NO. 16 MARKET SQUARE.
aug20 n dtf

G. G. DOWNES,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 233 1-2 Congress Street,
CORNER OF CHESTNNT
August 30, 1866. n dtf

REMOVAL!
THE
Merchants National Bank
Will remove on MONDAY, Nov. 12, to the
OFFICE OF H. M. PAYSON,
32 Exchange St.
ou10dtf

HOLDEN & PEABODY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Office, 229 1-2 Congress Street,
Near the Court House.
A. B. HOLDEN. sep5tfn H. C. PEABODY.

Harris & Waterhouse,
JOBBERS OF
Hats, Caps and Furs.
PORTLAND, DEC. 3D 1866.
HARRIS & WATERHOUSE, Wholesale Dealers in Hats, Caps, and Furs, have removed to their New Store,
No. 12 Exchange Street.
F. R. HARRIS. de4tf J. E. WATERHOUSE.

REMOVAL.
CLOUDMAN & STEVENS have removed to No 3 Long Wharf, foot of Exchange street.
Jan 11—dlm

O. M. & D. W. NASH
have resumed business at the head of Long Wharf, under J. W. Munger's Insurance Office, and will be pleased to see their former customers and receive their orders as usual.
July 10, 1866. n dtf

DOW & LIBBEY, Insurance Agents, will be found at No 117 Commercial, corner of Exchange St. Home Office of New York; National Office of Boston; Narragansett Office of Providence; Putnam Office of Hartford; Standard Office of New York, and other reliable offices, are represented by this agency.
John Dow. Jy25dtf F. W. Libbey.

BYRON, GREENOUGH & CO., Furs, Hats, Caps and Robes, 164 Middle St., over T. Bailey & Co. jul17tf

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, No. 4 Galt Block, Commercial St.
Jul 17—dtf

NOTICE. H. J. LIBBY & CO., Manufacturers and Commission Merchants. Counting Room over First National Bank, No. 23 Free street, second story. ly11 tf

J. AMBROSE MERRILL, Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Masonic Regalia, and Military Goods, No 13 Free street, Portland. Same store with Geyer and Calef. ly12dtf

EAGLE MILLS, although burned up, the Proprietors, Messrs. L. J. Hill & Co., are now prepared to furnish Coffees, Spices, Cream Tartar, &c, at their new place of business, No. 100 Green St. An Order Slate may be found at Messrs. Low, Plummer & Co's, No 83 Commercial St, and at Mr C. M. Rice's Paper Warehouse, No. 185 Fore Street. All orders promptly attended to. Goods at the lowest prices. jul16tf

H. PACKARD, Bookseller and Stationer, may be found at No. 237 Congress St., corner of Oak St. jul16tf

R. S. WEBSTER & CO., can be found at the store of C. K. Babb, Clapp's Block, No. 9, where we offer a good assortment of Clothing and Furnishing Goods at low prices. jul 16

SMITH & REED, Counsellors at Law, Morton Block, Congress St. Same entrance as U. S. Army offices. ly12dtf

ALL READY to commence again. C. M. & H. T. PLUMMER White and Blacksmiths, having rebuilt on the old site, No. 12 Union St, would be pleased to answer all orders for Iron Railings, Doors, Window Shutters, Gratings, &c.
Particular attention paid to Gas and Steam fitting.

THE EASTERN EXPRESS CO. are now permanently located at No. 21 Free street, and prepared to do Express Business over all the Railroad and Steamboat routes in the State, and West by P. S. & P., Eastern and Boston & Maine Roads to Boston, connecting there with Expresses to all parts of the country.
For the convenience of our customers on Commercial and Fore streets, an order book for freight Calls will be kept at office of Canadian Express Co., No. — Fore street. J. N. WINSLOW.
jy24 tf

J. & E. M. RAND, Attorneys and Counsellors, No. 16 Free Street, near Middle. jul13

DVE HOUSE—NOTICE—Persons having left orders at 101 Exchange street, can now find them at 324 Congress street, opposite Mechan cs' Hall, where we shall continue our business in all its various branches and at lower rates.
☞ Ladies' Dresses dyed for $1,00. All other articles dyed at equally low rates.
jul 17dm H. BURKE.

A. S. E. SPRING may be found at the store of Fletcher & Co., corner of Union and Commercial streets. iyll tf

NATHAN GOULD, Merchant Tailor, has removed to No. 16 Market Square, over Sweetsir's Apothecary store. jy10—tf

BOOTS, Shoes, Hats and Clothing. BENJ. FOGG may be found ready to wait on customers at No. 4 Moulton street, foot of Exchange. jul20

CIGARS. 200 M. imported and domestic Cigars for sale by C. C. MITCHELL & SON, jul13tf 178 Fore Street.

W. S. DYER, can be found with a new stock of Sewing Machines, of various kinds; Silk Twist, Cotton—all kinds and colors, Needles, Oil, &c. 166 Middle street, up one flight stairs. jul17eod

DEBLOIS & WEBB, Attorneys and Counsellors, at the Boody House, corner of Congress and Chestnut streets. jy26

BYRON D. VERRILL, Counsellor at Law, No. 19 Free Street. jul14

LEWIS PIERCE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, No. 2 Clapp's Block. jul21

COPARTNERSHIP.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of

EVANS & BAYLEY.

for the purpose of carrying on the

Crockery and Furniture Business

in all its branches, and have taken a lease of stores

Nos. 1 & 2 Free Street Block.

ARAD EVANS,
RAFAEL A. BAYLEY.
Portland, Jan 1, 1867. Jan14dtf

Copartnership Notice!

THE undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the firm name of the,

Paris Flouring Company,

and have taken the Paris Mills formerly carried on by Messrs Woodman & Co. at South Paris, Me. Mr. Charles Bailey of the former firm will remain at So. Paris, and Messrs Crawford & Morgan, may be found at 143 Commercial St. Portland.

All orders, and remittances, should be addressed to the **Paris Flouring Co.,** and sent either to South Paris or Portland, where we shall keep constantly on hand a full assortment of our Flour.

CHARLES BAILEY.
FRANKLIN CRAWFORD,
ANDREW P. MORGAN.
Portland, Jan. 14th 1867 jan 14d&w3w

Copartnership Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of

GEO. T. BURROUGHS & CO.,

expired this day by limitation.

GEO. T. BURROUGHS,
H. B. MASTERS,
JOHN B. HUDSON.
Portland, Jan. 8, 1867.

Having purchased the stock and good will of the late firm of GEO. T. BURROUGHS & CO., I shall continue the

FURNITURE BUSINESS

at their old stand,

LANCASTER HALL,

and by prompt attention to the wants of customers, shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their patronage, which I respectfully solicit.

CHAS. B. WHITTEMORE.
Portland, Jan. 9, 1867. dtf

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of

SMITH & CLARK,

for the purpose of conducting business as wholesale dealers in

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES,
AT 169 FORE STREET.

A. M. SMITH,
C. J. CLARK.
Portland, Jan. 1, 1867. jan14d2w

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between

FENDERSON & SABINE,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The affairs of the late firm will be settled by

W. A. SABINE,

who will continue the

Wholesale Fruit and Fancy Groceries, &c.,

at the Old Stand.

J. A. FENDERSON,
W. A. SABINE.
Jan. 1, 1867. jan10 d3w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

BY mutual consent Cyrus Staples' interest in our firm ceases on and after this date. All persons holding bills against the late firm are requested to present them for payment, and those indebted will please call and settle at the old stand, No. 173 Commercial street.

CYRUS STAPLES,
GEO. M. STANWOOD,
D. P. NOYES.

The business will be continued by the remaining partners under the name and style of Stanwood & Noyes. GEO. M. STANWOOD, D. P. NOYES.
January 1, 1867. jan9d3w

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name of

Small, Davis & Pomeroy,

Successors to Messrs. Merrill Bros. & Cushing, late Merrill & Small, in the Wholesale Fancy Goods Business, over Davis, Meserve, Haskell & Co.,

18 Free Street.

CHAS. SMALL,
SAM'L G. DAVIS,
W. Y. POMEROY.
Portland, Jan 1st, 1867. ja5d4w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between

RUMERY & BURNHAM,

is this day disolved by mutual consent. Either of the late partners is authorized to use the firm name in liquidation.

SAMUEL RUMERY,
GEO. BURNHAM, JR.
ja5d3w

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having disposed of his Stock in store to Messrs

Burgess, Fobes & Co.,

Requests all persons indebted to him to call at their Counting Room No. **80 Commercial St.,** Thomas Block, and settle.

Thankful for past favors, he commends to his friends and former patrons their large and well-selected Stock of

Leads, Oils, Colors, &c.

CHARLES FOBES.
Portland, Jan. 2, 1867. d2m.

Copartnership Notice.

MR. IRA J. BATCHELER is admitted a partner in our firm, and also the firm of Portland Packing Company from this date.

DAVIS, BAXTER & CO.
Portland, Jan. 1, 1867. d1m
☞ Star please copy.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves together under the firm name of

FICKETT & GRAY,

to do a

Paint, Oil and Varnish Business

in all its branches at **187 FORE STREET.**

JEROME B. FICKETT,
WILLIAM GRAY.
Jan. 1, 1867—tf

Dissolution.

THE firm heretofore existing under the name of

STANWOOD & DODGE,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

FERDINAND DODGE,

Continues the

Produce and Fancy Grocery Business,

At his NEW STAND,

No. 10 Market Street.

☞ Accounts of the late firm to be settled at No 10 Market street. dc15dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name of CALVIN EDWARDS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons holding bills against the firm, are requested to present them for payment, and those indebted will please call and settle at

337 Congress Street.

CALVIN EDWARDS.
WILLIAM G. TWOMBLY.

The subscriber having obtained the fine store No. 337 Congress Street, will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand

PIANO FORTES

from the BEST MANUFACTORIES, among them the

Celebrated Steinway Instrument,

which he can sell at the manufacturer's

LOWEST PRICES.

Also, a good assortment of ORGANS and MELODEONS. OLD PIANOS taken in exchange.

☞ Orders for tuning and repairing promptly attended to. **WM. G. TWOMBLY.**
November 26, 1866. dtf

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style and firm of

Morgan, Dyer & Co.,

And have purchased of Messrs. LORD & CRAWFORD their Stock and lease of store

No. 143 Commercial Street,

For the purpose of transacting a general wholesale business in

W. I. Goods, Groceries, Flour and Provisions,

☞ Consignments of Cooperage, Lumber, Country Produce, &c., solicited, and shall receive personal and prompt attention. A. P. MORGAN, J. W. DYER, J. E. HANNAFORD.
Portland, Sept 10, 1866. sep25dtf

THE UNDERSIGNED have formed a Copartnership for the purpose of transacting a

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

business, under the firm of

ROBINSON & KNIGHT,
At 288 CONGRESS STREET.

O'NEIL W. ROBINSON,
STEPHEN D. KNIGHT.
Portland, Dec. 8, 1866. dtf

To Let.

WHARFAGE and Storage to let on wharf with wide and narrow gauge rail track, and deep water. Apply to J. H. HAMLEN, head Hobson's Wharf. ja5d3w

INSURANCE.

NOW
IS THE TIME TO INSURE!
WITH THE GREAT
Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
Of New York.
Cash Assets, $18,000,000.
Increasing at the rate of **$500,000 per month.**

Another Grand Dividend!

WILL be made on the first of February next. Those who insure at this time will derive the benefit of that dividend, which will add largely to the sum insured, or may be used in payment of future premiums. It is the best

New Year's Gift!

A man can bestow on his family, in view of the uncertainty of life.

Many Policies now subsisting with this Great Company are yielding A LARGE INCREASE, as the following cases will show:

No of Policy.	Am't Insured	Am't of Prem. Pd.	Dividend Additional
518	$3500	2252,25	$2740,22
636	500	261,22	375,02
7767	8000	3699,20	4836,87
7862	5000	2608,00	3217,84
10325	1000	359,80	544,52
10783	3000	1066,20	1579,53
4146	1000	533,90	685,93
12410	1500	410,93	623,24

☞ Many more cases with similar results and names can be furnished to those who will favor us with a call at our office.

☞ Do not fail to examine into the advantages this **Great** Company presents before insuring elsewhere, by applying at the Agency of

W. D. LITTLE & CO.,
Office 79 Commercial St., Up Stairs.

☞ Non-Forfeiting, Endowment, Ten Year, and all other form of Policies are issued by this Company on more favorable advantage than by any other Company. dec27dtf

Reliable Insurance!
W. D. LITTLE & Co,
General Insurance Agents,
Offices (for the present) at
No 79 Commercial St, & 30 Market Square, (Lancaster Hall Building.)

CONTINUE to represent the following **First Class** Fire Companies, viz:

Phœnix,	**Of Hartford, Ct.**
Merchants',	**Of Hartford, Ct.**
City Fire,	**Of Hartford, Ct.**
North American,	**Of Hartford, Ct.**
New England,	**Of Hartford, Ct.**
Atlantic,	**Of Providence, R. I.**
Atlantic Mutual,	**Of Exeter, N. H.**

And are prepared to place any amount wanted on Good property, at the most favorable rates.

☞ FARM AND VILLAGE Property, and CITY DWELLINGS and Household Furniture insured for a term of years, on highly favorable rates.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID as heretofore, at our office. Every loss of these offices by the great fire in this City, was paid up without any delay, difficulty or discount, (or more than simple interest,) to the entire satisfaction of all the parties, to whom we are at liberty to refer.
Dec. 27 dtf

FARMERS
—AND—
OWNERS OF LIVE STOCK.
The Hartford
Live Stock Ins. Co.,
Cash Assets, - - - $170,000
All Paid In and Securely Invested,

Is now prepared to issue Polices on HORSES, CATTLE, and LIVE STOCK of all kinds, against DEATH or THEFT at moderate rates of Premium.

Farmers and Owners of Valuable Horses, Stable-keepers and others,

Now have an opportunity to insure with a sound and reliable company, against loss by FIRE, DISEASE, or ACCIDENTAL CAUSES, and from THIEVES.

POLICIES ISSUED BY

W. D. LITTLE & CO.,
General Agents,
At Offices No. 79 Commercial Street,
And in Lancaster Hall Building, Market Square, PORTLAND.

☞ Canvassers and Sub-Agents Wanted.
Dec 14—d&w6w

REMOVAL.
Sparrow's Insurance Office
is this day removed from No. 80 Commercial Street, to the new and commodious rooms
NO. 66 EXCHANGE STREET,
IN THE CUMBERLAND BANK BUILDING,
where he is now prepared to place insurance, in all its forms, and for any amount, in companies second to no others on the globe, and on the most favorable terms.

☞ Parties preferring *first class insurance*, are respectfully invited to call.
November 5, 1866. dtf

L. S. Twombley, General Insurance Broker, would inform his many friends and the public generally that he is prepared to continue the Insurance Business as a Broker, and can place Fire, Life and Marine Insurance to any extent in the best Companies in the United States. All business entrusted to my care shall be faithfully attended to.
Office at C. M. Rice's Paper Store, No. 183 Fore St, where orders can be left. jul16tf

SPECIAL NOTICE
—OF—
Life Insurance!

HAVING been appointed General Agents for Maine of the old

New England Mutual Life Ins. Co.,

Of Boston, Mass., being the oldest purely Mutual Life Ins. Co. in America, we wish fifty good, active agents to work in the different cities and villages throughout the State. None need apply unless good reference can be give. The Co. is 23 years old and has paid in Dividends $1,217,000 00 and over $2,000,000 00 in losses by death. It has now a well-invested accumulated Capital of over $4,000,000 00. The Co. formerly made and paid its dividends once in five years. A Dividend will be made up in Nov. 1866, and annually thereafter, and available one year from date of Policy. Applications for local Agencies will be made to RUFUS SMALL & SON, Gen'l Agents,
no21d3m Biddeford, Me.

GOOD NEWS!
FOR ALL!
Dry Goods!
ARE DOWN!
JUST LOOK AT
Leach, Parker & Co's
Revised Price List!

Very Good, yard wide, Brown Sheeting,	14c
Fine, yard wide, Brown Sheeting,	17c
Heavy " " " "	20c
Fine " " Bleached "	20c
All the best makes, yard wide, Bleached Sheetings,	25c
Heavy Cotton Flannel,	20c
Best quality " "	25c
Red all Wool "	33c
Gray all Wool "	33c
Shirting "	40c
White "	25c
Balmoral Skirts,	$2,00
Prints,	10 to 18c
All wool Blankets, pr pair,	$4,00
All wool Cassimere,	75 c former price $1,25
All wool Tweeds,	75 c former price $1,00
All wool Plaids,	75 c former price $1,25
Cotton and Wool Plaids,	50 c former price 75c
" " "	37 c former price 62c
" " "	25 c former price 50c
Union Beaver,	$1,50 former price $2,50
Moscow "	$5,00 former price $7,50

—ALSO—

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
both plain and figured,
Silk and Wool and all Wool Poplins, Coburgs, Thibets, Mohairs, Alpacas, (black and colored), **Cashmeres, All Wool DeLaines,**
and in fact all our
DRESS GOODS
will be closed out at prices conforming to the present state of the market.
All our large stock of
Cloaks at Cost!
LEACH, PARKER & CO.,
5 Deering Block,
CONGRESS STREET.
jan10 d3w

BUILDING.

LUMBER,
Wholesale and Retail.
BOARDS, Plank, Shingles and Scantling of all sizes constantly on hand.
Building material sawed to order.
ISAAC DYER.
aug11tf No. 94 Union Wharf.

Great Inducements
FOR PARTIES WISHING TO BUILD.

THE subscribers offer for sale a large quantity of desirable building lots in the West End of the city, lying on Vaughan, Pine, Neal, Carlton, Thomas, West, Emery, Cushman, Lewis, Bramhall, Monument, Danforth, Orange and Salem Streets.

They will sell on a credit of from one to ten years, as desired by the purchasers. From parties who build immediately, NO CASH PAYMENTS REQUIRED.

Apply at the office of the subscribers, where full particulars may be obtained.

J. B. BROWN & SONS.
Portland, May 3, 1865. ma 5tf

ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING. Messrs. ANDERSON, BONNELL & CO., have made arrangements with Mr. STEAD, an Architect of established reputation, and will in future carry on Architecture with their business as Engineers. Parties intending to build are invited to call at their office, No. 306 Congress street, and examine elevations and plans of churches, banks, stores, blocks of buildings, &c. j 12

WM. H. WALKER,
241 COMMERCIAL STREET,
Foot of Maple Street.
General Agent for the State for
H. W. JOHNS'
Improved Roofing,
For buildings of all kinds. CAR and STEAMBOAT DECKING. ROOFING CEMENT, for coating and repairing all kinds of roofs. PRESERVATIVE PAINT for iron and wood work. Metal Roofs, &c. COMPOUND CEMENT, for repairing leaky shingled roofs. BLACK VARNISH, for Ornamental Iron work &c. Full descriptions, circular, prices, &c. furnished by mail or on application at the office, where samples and testimonials can be seen.
sep12dtf

Black Alpaccas.
A FULL LINE
JUST RECEIVED
—AT—
EASTMAN BROTHERS
ALSO,
Dress Goods!
Thibets and Poplins!
VERY CHEAP.
Prints, Delaines, and Cottons,
At the very Lowest Market Prices.
10-4 All Wool Blankets $1.00 pair.
Balmoral Skirts, $2.00.
Country Yarn, white and colored, 20 cts.
☞ Ladies Heavy Ribbed Hose 25 cts pair.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
Eastman Brothers,
ja10d2w 332 CONGRESS ST.

IRON AND STEEL!
EBEN COREY,
Nos. 9 and 11 Moulton Street,
Near Foot of Exchange St, Portland,
Importer and Dealer in all kinds of
Bar, Hoop, Oval & Half Round
IRON!
Greave's Spring & Corking
STEEL!
Wm. Jessop & Son's Cast Steel
Carriage Tyer Steel.
Swede and Norway Shapes.
Nail Rods, Horse Shoes and Nails, Carriage Bolts, Nuts and Washer, Bolt Ends, Rivets, Malleable Castings, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Tyer Benders Screw Plates, Hand Drills, &c.
☞ Agency for the sale of Carriage Springs and Axles, at Manufacturers' prices.
☞ Wanted a Salesman acquainted with the Iron Trade.
January 5, 1867. ja5d&w1m

COAL! COAL!
Coal for Ranges, Furnaces,
—AND—
PARLOR STOVES,
At Low Rates for Cash.
A small lot of
NICE BLACKSMITH'S COAL.
160 TONS LUMP LEHIGH.
Also a lot of DRY SLAB WOOD, sawed in stove length, delivered in any part of the city, at $8 per cord.
PERKINS, JACKSON & CO.,
High Street Wharf, 362 Commercial,
jan4dtf Foot of High street.

BLANKETS
STILL CHEAPER!
YOU CAN BUY A LARGE SIZED
All Wool Blanket!
—FOR—
$4.00 Per Pair,
—AT—
P. M. FROST'S,
NO. 4 DEERING BLOCK.
dc22dtf CONGRESS STREET.

SHORT & LORING,
Booksellers & Stationers,
31 Free, Corner Center Streets,
Have on hand a full supply of
Law, School, Miscellaneous and Blank Books.
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,
Cash, Post Office and Envelope Cases, Letter Presses, Pen Racks, &c.
We have just recieved from New York a full supply of
PAPER HANGINGS,
New patterns and Choice Styles.
DRAWING PAPER OF ALL SIZES.
Give us a call.
Short & Loring,
31 Free, Corner Center Stree
jy20tf

JOHN KINSMAN
DEALER IN
GAS
FIXTURES
—AT—
25 Union St.,
PORTLAND.
Aug 20 dtf

Notice.

THE undersigned having purchased the Bakery, &c., of Mr. R. Kent, will continue the

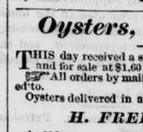
BAKING BUSINESS
AT THE OLD STAND,
NO. 107 FORE, COR. VINE STREET,

Where we shall be happy to see our old customers, and as many new ones as may favor us with their patronage. PEARSON & SMITH.
October 1, 1866. dtf

The subscriber having disposed of his Bakery to Messrs. Pearson & Smith, would cheerfully recommend them to his former patrons, being assured that, from their well known reputation, they will continue the business acceptably.

And he will take this opportunity to gratefully acknowledge the many favors bestowed upon him by his patrons for many years.

REUBEN KENT.
October 1, 1866. dtf

OYSTERS!

JUST RECEIVED
a cargo of those splendid
NORFOLK OYSTERS,
By the Quart, Gallon, Bushel or Cargo!
All in want of Oysters for the trade, Parties, Levees, &c., will find it for interest to call at Headquarters,
No. 2 Union Wharf.
jan7d4w **JAMES FREEMAN.**

Oysters, Oysters.

THIS day received a splendid lot Virginia Oysters, and for sale at $1.50 per gallon, solid;

☞ All orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

Oysters delivered in any part of the city.

H. FREEMAN & CO.,
dec22dlm **101 Federal Street.**

To Let.

ONE Brick Store, three stories, No. 50 Union street. Apply to
ja3dtf ST. JOHN SMITH.

DAILY PRESS.

PORTLAND.

Tuesday Morning, January 15, 1867.

Shall our Commerce be Saved or Ruined?

Nobody who has anything to do with foreign trade needs to be told that the shipping interest has been greatly depressed during the past year. Commissioner Wells was assured by experienced shipowners in New York, that no voyage can be planned at the present time for an American vessel from the United States to a foreign port, with a reasonable expectation of profit. The assertion is fully borne out by the experience of shipowners in this section. In the West India trade the rates of freight during the past year have been on an average, barely those current before the war. Our large vessels, engaged in the guano or cotton trade, have done well if they have paid their expenses. The East India trade is no better, and of 191 American vessels employed in the South American trade in 1861, only 30 are reported as remaining.

These facts are sufficiently impressive; but it may be alleged that they are derived from interested parties and should be received with caution. We ask for them, then, only sufficient consideration to establish the fact that the complaint is general; that our commerce is apparently suffering in every direction; that the evil, whatever it is, so far as it exists at all, does not affect any special branch of our commerce but threatens the whole. That point being established, we invite attention to the following figures, taken from official sources, and showing the value of our exports and the amount of our tonnage at different dates since 1830, when the United States began what promised to be a great commercial career. Exports of specie and bullion are included in the table, because since the discovery of the California mines in 1848 they have formed an important part of our annual surplus:

Year.	EXPORTS. Domestic Produce.	Specie and Bullion.	TONNAGE.
1830.	$ 58,524,878.	$ 2,178,773.	1,260,798
1840.	111,660,561.	7,417,014.	2,180,764
1850.	134,900,233.	7,522,064.	3,535,454
1853.	189,869,162.	27,189,675.	4,407,010
1855.	192,754,133.	56,247,343.	5,212,001
1860.	316,212,423.	63,546,239.	5,353,868
1865.	254,483,481.	54,346,184.	5,096,781
1866.	366,516,082.	86,044,071.	4,310,778

The merest glance at this table will show that while our surplus products have rapidly and steadily increased up to 1860, and since the close of the war have risen to a greater value than ever before, our total tonnage, which up to 1860 kept pace with our advancing trade, is now actually diminishing. During the year ending June 30, 1866, our exports were increased by more than 80 per centum, while our tonnage shows a falling off of nearly 16 per centum. The falling off is really greater than is shown by the table, being partly disguised by the new rule of admeasurement. Even under the new rule, it falls below the number of tons registered in 1853. In that year our tonnage exceeded that of Great Britain by about 15 per centum; it is now estimated at 33 per centum less.

These figures must satisfy the most incredulous that our carrying trade is passing out of our hands. Here is a supplementary table relating directly to the foreign trade. The total tonnage cleared from United States ports was,—

	American.	Foreign.
In 1860,	6,166,921 tons.	2,624,805 tons.
" 1865,	3,023,134 "	3,599,125 "
" 1866,	3,383,176 "	4,438,384 "

Here, as before, a part of

Mr. Hughes, M. P., on the Prosecution of Ex-Gov. Eyre.

Thomas Hughes, Esq., visited Birmingham on Thursday, the 27th of December, to speak in the defense of the Jamaica Committee's intended prosecution of Mr. Eyre. The meeting was numerously attended, and the Mayor presided. In his address, Mr, Hughes, after alluding to the sentiments uttered by Mr. Disraeli and Mr. Adderley in the House of Commons, to the effect that after the proclamation of martial law there was no responsibility to the civil law for any acts that might be committed, referred to the Magna Charta, and to the Petition of Right of 1627, to show that Government did not possess the power to proclaim martial law in any portion of the British dominions, and therefore such a power could not be delegated to any colonial dependency. The real question at issue in the Jamaica business, he said, was whether prerogative or law should be supreme, and whether Englishmen would extend to all British subjects, of whatever color or nationality, the same liberties and privileges of which they themselves boasted. Speaking of the treatment of subject and inferior races, he said:

At the present moment they, the people of England stood in the place of Charles Stuart—as the advocates of prerogative as against the great body of their fellow-citizens, the great body of black and colored races in all parts of the world, who now stood in the position of the English people in 1627, and said, "Will you give us what you then asserted for yourselves; will you give us law instead of prerogative; will you extend to us colored people—debased people if you will—inferior to you in many ways, and yet your fellow-citizens, though fellow-citizens by no act of our own—[hear, hear] – will you extend to us those liberties and those privileges which it has been your great boast as Englishmen to acquire and enjoy for yourselves?" [Hear, hear and applause.] For his own part, he believed that the prosperity of England was involved in the answer which they gave this question. It is was a frightfully serious matter. The conduct of England toward her subject races had become a matter which was stirring men's minds, and they had an opportunity of judging that in a very remarkable way. [Hear, hear] As an instance he would draw their attention to an extract from a pamphlet on the subject which had been written by Mr. Roundell, the Secretary to the Jamaica Commission, and which has been read at the meeting of the Social Science Congress. In one of his paragraphs Mr. Roundell said: "Before I proceed with another part of my subject, I propose to touch upon a point deeply affecting the general relations between this country and all the races over which she has control, brought into further prominence by recent events in Jamaica. Much has been written and said on this deplorable subject, but I doubt whether public attention has sufficiently rivetted itself on what I take to be at the bottom of that deplorable event, the military spirit engendered by the Indian mutiny, the first fruits of which we have lately witnessed in the red anarchy of Jamaica martial law." Let them remember that it was the secretary of the Royal Commission, and not a member of the Jamaica Committee, who spoke in this way. He goes on to say, "The spirit of which I speak, rooted in the utter absence of reverence for inferiority, is not, however, a peculiarity of this particular profession; it exists even in a more intense form in the dominant class of every community in which there are sharply defined contrasts of race." [Loud applause.] He had now said all he had intended to say to them upon a subject which he felt to be one of unspeakable importance at this time. [Hear, hear.] He felt that the character of England was more involved in the question of the treatment of those people under our sway in all parts of the world—that their character hinged more upon their treatment of those—than in any other act of their power, or in any other point whatever connected with our imperial policy. [Applause.] Now, what was the real test of the nobility of a man or of a nation? Was it the way in which he treated those who were equal or superior to him in strength? He believed not. He was sure not. He knew that the real test of the nobility of a man was the way in which he treated those who were weaker than himself—[hear, hear]—and it was from this conviction that he very confidently appealed to any meeting of Englishmen, and especially a meeting of Englishmen in a town constituted as that was with memories of the anti-slavery movement—that he with the more confidence appealed to them to come forward and support the committee who had undertaken—he should rather have said had forced upon them—[hear, hear]—a duty which involved the future of those people or races—[applause]—a duty which though a noble was a very irksome one to carry through—[applause]—for it was an irksome thing for private citizens to be saddled with that which should be the business of the government of the country. [Loud applause.]

He remarked, in concluding his address, that that was the same question which was agitating and trying their brethren on the other side of the Atlantic. There they were crying out for equal rights of all, and whatever the issue might be, he hoped they would not be behind their brethren there, but through all parts of England, would give a response to their appeal in this matter, that they should have the bulwarks of the old British Constitution supported again by fresh charges of the Chief Justice of this country, and that the Petition of Right would be hereafter acknowledged, not only as the birthright of every Englishman, but the birthright of every man, whatever color he might be, who was born within the dominions of the Queen or King of England.

Mr. Hughes resumed his seat amid loud and prolonged applause, and before the meeting separated a sub-committee, in aid of the Jamaica Committee, was formed, and over $2,500 had been already subscribed in Birmingham toward the expenses of the prosecution.

The Paris Exhibition.

MORE YANKEE NOTIONS EN ROUTE.

The ship Mercury is now receiving at New York a cargo of articles destined for the great Exposition in Paris. A list of these would be found to comprise some singular items. For instance:—

Illinois sends a school-house—a real Western "fourst of learning," especially designed and gotten up to show the people of Paris, and through Paris to show the whole world, in what sort of buildings the pedagogue plies his profession on the prairies and in the forests of the Western Continent.

There is a bakery, too, a Boston bakery, in which M. Blot's theory of *cuisinerie* will be made to blush—if a theory can be made to blush at all—by the Yankee gingerbread and brown cake bakers who will have charge of this peculiar institution.

Still there is another building. This is a farm-house all the way from Chicago. A more perfect model never did justice to its original. It is complete in every particular. Barns and outhouses surround it; vines run up its front and diffuse themselves over its roof; a fence surrounds it, and—well, it is a farm-house to perfection, and no more can be said to describe it.

These constitute the houses that will be on exhibition from this country. One progressive Yankee desired to construct a church and send it over, to give the Parisians an idea of the kind of buildings devoted in this country to religious worship; but his application was denied, owing to the great length of the steeple he designed to erect for his representative church. He said "he couldn't reduce the steeple no how, for he wanted a place for the bell, and lots o' room for the tongue to do its waggin'."

Among the works of art are paintings by Bierstadt, Hick, Wier, Cropsey, Huntington, and other eminent American artists. Bierstadt sends his "Rocky Mountains," and Wier furnishes his celebrated painting illustrative of casting guns at the Parrott Foundry, at Cold Spring, on the Hudson.

Many splendid books, specimens of the publisher's art, are in the cargo.

Then there are grand pianos of the most costly description and most artistic completeness; carriages fit for the Emperor to ride in; a locomotive; a street car; tobacco cutting machines; mowing machines; organs that would not be out of place in the grand Cathedral of Milan: wine from domestic grapes; raw and cured tobacco; raw cotton and sugar; pine from the Carolinas; all sorts of domestic dry goods and goods of every description; crockery; Jersey porcelain and earthern ware, and hundreds of other articles which want of space will not permit us to mention here.

THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS IN THE PROVINCES.—The remarks of Governor Chamberlain in his address to the Legislature on the Confederation project of the British Provinces naturally elicit some sharp comments from the Provincial press. The St. Croix Courier says:

If the people of these Provinces desire confederation we think Governor Chamberlain may spare himself the trouble of meddling with a matter which does not come within the range of his official duty.

The St. John Evening Globe says:

Governor Chamberlain of Maine seems to think that the confederation of these Provinces will be some disadvantage to the United States, and therefore, in his message to the Maine Legislature the other day, he suggests that the Legislature should take some steps to secure the "potent dissuasion of the United States" from carrying confederation into effect. There is in England just at this moment such a desire to conciliate the United States that there is very little doubt that intervention on the part of that country would have much influence to put a stop to the confederation.

Mazzini and Rome.

The venerable Italian patriot, Mazzini, has just issued a stirring proclamation to the Roman people in which he advises the Eternal City not to contaminate herself by annexation to a monarchy, but "to shine for a while alone, a Beacon of Truth and Progress to the expectant and uncertain populations of Italy," until the time when a republican form of government shall complete the "moral unity" of Italy. The friends of Mazzini in Rome are numerous—more numerous, probably, than in any other of the large cities of Italy. But it is not likely that in this question they will accept the advice of their revered leader. When the time for taking a *plebiscite* shall arrive, Rome will follow the example of Venetia, and by an almost unanimous vote demand to become part of Italy. The conviction that the external national unity must be completed before any further political progress can be permanently secured, is too strong in Italy to allow of any tendencies involving a continuance of political disunion.

NO MORE FIRE-CRACKERS.—The new Senate tariff bill contains a clause forbidding the importation of fire-crackers. The prohibition was inserted by Mr. Fessenden, the great fire in this city, caused by one of these wretched playthings furnishing the argument for its insertion.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

New Advertisements To-Day.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.
Professional Card—Dr. Wm. H. Sweet.
Boots and Shoes—T. F. Mosely & Co.
Sales—Tilton & McFarland.

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.
Grand Military and Civic Ball.
Lecture—Rev. J. W. C. Pennington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT COLUMN.
Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.
Plumber—William A. Pearce.
Store to Let—Union street.
The Repeating Match.
Waterville Classical College.
Notice—For St. Johns, N. F.
Removal—James O'Donnell.
A Card—Chadbourn & Kendall.
Dress Making—28½ Portland Street.
Wanted—Patterns & Chadbourne.
Gorham House—S. B. Brown.
Girl Wanted—Henry P. White.
Shawl Lost.
Commission Merchants—Churchill, Browns & Co.
Copartnership Notice.

Railroad Meeting.

A meeting of the merchants and capitalists of this city was held yesterday afternoon, at the Merchants' Exchange, for the purpose of considering the matter of increased accommodations, and better facilities for communication with the Lakes and the Great West. Notwithstanding the brief notice given, the meeting was largely attended. It was called to order by Jonas H. Perley, Esq., on whose motion Ex-Governor Washburn was called to preside.

Gov. Washburn stated the object of the meeting, which was to consider the project of some more feasible route and shorter transit to the great West, and which would also open to Portland increased business. A railroad line is in operation from Ogdensburg to Montpelier, Vermont, and a charter has been secured for a line from Montpelier to Dalton, N. H. By the building of about eighty miles of road to connect at Dalton, Portland will have a direct route to the great West, and will draw to this city a vast amount of trade, which is now diverted to Boston.

Northern Vermont is extremely desirous of being connected with the seaboard, and Portland is some sixty miles nearer than Boston; therefore they were desirous of making this port their outlet to the Atlantic.

It was a matter of great importance, not only to the merchants of this city, but also to the commercial and agricultural interests of the whole State.

T. C. Hersey, Esq., made some inquiry as to the plan, &c., of the projected route.

Henry A. Jones, Esq., explained the contemplated project, which was to start from some point on the Portland & Rochester Railroad at Saco River, running up through Fryeburg to connect with the road at Dalton, N. H. The present object was to obtain a charter from the Legislature.

Hon. John B. Brown thought the project a feasible one, but questioned whether arrangements could not be made with the Grand Trunk road to branch off at Gorham and connect at Dalton, thus making a direct and short route to Ogdensburg at less expense and with much less road to build. He would not say that such a route was more feasible than one to connect at Saco river with the Portland & Rochester road. It was certainly desirable that an avenue should be opened to the great West, either by way of the Atlantic & St. Lawrence or the Portland & Rochester road, and if no arrangement could be made with them, by an independent route.

Some remarks were made by Colonel C. Q. Clapp in relation to the Portland & Rochester road. He said if a connection should be made with the Grand Trunk road, it would require a change of gauge. He contended that the shortest route to Montpelier would be via the Portland & Rochester railroad, connecting at Rochester with another road, making the distance 180 miles.

The following resolutions were offered by Mr. Jones, and after some remarks in favor of them by Mr. Hersey, Hon. J. B. Brown and others, were adopted:

Whereas, The material interests of this city, in common with those of the State at large, would be greatly promoted by the construction of a railroad in Montpelier, in the State of Vermont to Portland, (for more than one-third of which provision has already been made) securing, as it would, a continuous line of railway communication between the latter city and Ogdensburg, N. Y., thereby making the distance by railway between the navigable waters of the West and the ocean less by more than fifty miles than by any other route within the United States, therefore,

Resolved, That the citizens of Portland, especially its business men and holders of real estate, will give to the movement which is being inaugurated to accomplish this most important work, their hearty sympathy and co-operation;

Voted—That the President and Secretary of the Board of Trade, together with the Senator and Representatives from Portland, be a committee to procure, at the present session of the Legislature, the passage of an act to incorporate a company to build a railroad from Portland to the Western line of the State, to be there connected with a railroad from the West.

Voted—That a committee of ——— be raised by this meeting to confer with the Directors of the several railroads in Maine, and with the friends of this enterprise in other States, with a view to secure their early and efficient co-operation in organizing and carrying it forward.

It was voted that the matter of raising the committee mentioned above be left with the Board of Trade, at their meeting to be held in the evening.

It will be seen by the proceedings of the Board of Trade at their annual meeting held last evening, that a strong and efficient committee, at the head of which is Ex-Gov. Washburn, has been appointed agreeably to the last vote passed. This committee will give the matter that immediate consideration it deserves. There was but one opinion among our business men who were present at the meeting; and no project has ever been presented since that of the Atlantic & St. Lawrence Railroad, which met with such universal favor. In the Board of Trade last evening, the same feeling was manifested that was displayed in the afternoon. Our merchants have only to show their accustomed energy to secure this great business route.

Gov. Washburn introduced to the meeting Mr. Hamilton and Mr. Dustan, the former of whom made some statements relative to the Dexter & Newport Railroad, and it was voted to refer the matter to the Board of Trade. The meeting then adjourned.

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH.—Rev. W. B. Hayden delivered the first of a series of sermons on the peculiar doctrines of this church, last Sabbath evening, in Park street church, before a large and interested audience. Like all the public efforts of this able divine, it was a scholarly and strong discourse, and in many of its passages very eloquent. He held his audience in the closest attention to the end. His discourse next Sunday evening will be the "Resurrection, and the life, society, scenery and inhabitants of the spiritual world." It cannot fail to be deeply interesting to all inquiring minds, whatever may be their theological views.

This society, notwithstanding their heavy losses by the fire, have held their meetings regularly, sustained their sunday schools in as flourishing a condition as ever, provided the means for the support of their pastor, had larger congregations than ever before, and kept up all over their meetings and services as though no disaster had ever touched them.

We understand that they have a building committee chosen, who purpose to begin work on their new Temple, on High street, in the spring. Nearly $3000 have been generously contributed towards this end by the Swedenborgians abroad; of which $1000 was given by the Chicago New Church Society. And contributions still continue to arrive.

PREMIUMS.—The following premiums are offered to the writing class of the Portland Business College. To the one making the most improvement within one month, a beautiful specimen of pen work, executed by the Teacher of Penmanship, H. W. Shaylor; to the second best a photograph of a piece of pen work, in the center of which is St. George and the Dragon, surrounded by a wreath in which are neatly inserted photographs of the Teachers in the College. Also similar premiums to the ones producing the best written and arranged Business Letter. All those wishing to compete for the above prizes would do well to join the class immediately.

THE ADVERTISER is prospering under Mr. McGregor's care, and promises to resume its daily issue at an early date. In his last number he announces that he has purchased a new font of type from Rogers' celebrated Boston foundry, and is expecting one of Hoe's large cylinder presses. Correspondence from Washington, New York and Boston, will add to the interest of the paper, and an editress has been engaged in Massachusetts. The Sunday Advertiser is a well filled sheet of the size of the *Press*, and has been very favorably received.

A TOKEN OF RESPECT.—Mr. A. D. Smith, foreman for Messrs. T. & J. B. Cummings, was presented on Friday last, by the workmen in the same employ, with a valuable watch and chain, from the establishment of Mr. A. Dunyon, as a taken of their confidence and esteem. The watch and chain were presented by Mr. J. C. Ware, with some very appropriate remarks, and Mr. Smith, who was taken entirely by surprise, briefly responded, thanking his associates for this exhibition of their respect.

THE semi-annual meeting of the Cumberland Co'y Conference of Congregational Churches commences to-day at 10 1-2 o'clock A. M., with the First Church in Yarmouth. The usual opening sermon will be preached at 10 o'clock.—Discussions during the afternoon, and also on Wednesday morning. The Conference sermon will be preached Wednesday afternoon, by Rev. S. Morrison of Portland.

Board of Trade.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trade was held at the office of the Ocean Insurance Company last evening, Vice President A. K. Shurtleff, Esq., presiding.

The records of the late meetings of the Board of Managers were read.

A communication from the Albany Board of Trade concerning the sale of grains by the cental or 100 lbs., instead of by the bushel, was read, and it was voted to concur with other Boards of Trade in the matter, carrying the system into effect on the first of March.

Communication from Hon. J. H. Drummond in relation to the Dexter & Newport Railroad was ordered to be placed on file.

The Vice President stated that the committee on procuring a suitable place for the meetings of the Board reported in favor of leasing the rooms over, the International Telegraph Office, on the corner of Fore and Exchange streets. The report was accepted, and the committee were instructed to lease the rooms for one year.

C. H. Haskell, Esq., Treasurer of the Board, presented his annual report, from which it appears that the receipts during the year were $2,362.32, as follows:

Subscriptions to Merchants' Exchange,	$1,807 00
Interest,	55 32
Dirigo Insurance Co.,	500 00
	$2,362 32
The total expenses were,	1,884 50
Balance in Treasury,	$ 477 82

The balance on hand at the commencement of the year was $2,087.56 which, with the balance of the past year leaves in the Treasury $2,567.38, of which, $1000 is in Government bonds and $829.49 is deposited with the Portland Savings Bank to the credit of the Board.

The report was accepted and ordered to be placed on file.

Mr. M. N. Rich, Secretary, presented his annual report. He estimates the losses of the Board by the great fire at $1,364.78, on which there was insurance in the Dirigo office for $1,000 on which fifty per cent. has been received, making a loss to the Board of $864.78. All of the records of the Board were lost.

Capt. Charles Chase submitted the annual report of the Port Wardens, from which it appeared that they had examined the cargoes of 130 sailing vessels from foreign ports, 12 coastwise cargoes, 23 cargoes of steamers from Liverpool, 3 from Glasgow and 94 from New York. The report was placed on file,

The following resolutions offered by Mr. C.E. Jose were unanimously adopted and Mr. Jose was appointed the committee mentioned in the first resolution:

Whereas, in the opinion of this Board, the laws of this State for the collection of debts, works injuriously for both debtors and creditors, in cases of insolvency—it is, therefore,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to circulate a petition for the signatures of our citizens, asking the Legislature to enact a law similar to the insolvency law of Massachusetts, and that the same be forwarded by the President of this Board to our Representatives.

Resolved, That the President be authorized to prepare a bill, and, if necessary, to make a special effort in presenting the matter to the Legislature.

Hon. Israel Washburn and Charles H. Fling, Esq., were appointed a committee to confer with Mr. Hamilton and his associates from the Dexter and Newport Railroad Corporation.

The Board then proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, with the following result:

President—T. C. Hersey.
Vice Presidents—John Lynch, Jonas H. Perley, H. J. Libby.
Directors—A. K. Shurtleff, Israel Washburn, Jr., O. M. Marrett, John W. Perkins, Thomas E. Twitchell, Charles H. Fling, Charles J. Walker.
Treasurer—Charles H. Haskell.
Secretary—M. N. Rich.
Port Wardens—Chas. H. Chase, T. C. Stevens.

Messrs. G. W. Woodman and A. K. Shurtleff peremptorily declined being candidates for Vice-Presidents. They have faithfully served for several years, and have earnestly labored for the prosperity of the institution.

W. W. Woodbury, Esq., from the committee appointed to secure subscriptions for the erection of a suitable edifice for the Merchants' Exchange, reported that they had thus far succeeded in getting $17,000 subscribed.—The following resolution, offered by Henry Fox, Esq., was then adopted:

Voted, That the committee appointed by the Board to obtain subscriptions for the purchase of the two lots offered for sale by Hon. W. W. Thomas and the city of Portland, and for the erection of a suitable building thereon, are requested to continue their efforts so as to secure at an early day the accomplishment of this most desirable object.

Mr. C. H. Haskell offered the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Voted, That in the opinion of the Board, the interests of the city will be largely promoted by the extension of the Portland & Rochester Railroad to Rochester, N. H., and thence westerly as proposed by the Directors of said road; that in no way can the connection of the city with the Western States be so directly made, and with so small an outlay of capital.

Voted, That a committee be appointed by the Board of Managers, to confer with the Directors of the Portland & Rochester Railroad in relation to this proposed movement, and to aid them in any way that may be practicable.

On motion of Mr. T. E. Twitchell, it was voted that a committee be raised agreeably to the request in the resolution passed at the railroad meeting Monday afternoon, and the following gentlemen were appointed: Hon. Israel Washburn, Jr., Hon. J. B. Brown, H. N. Jose, C. C. Chapman, T. H. Weston, C. H. Haskell.

On motion of M. N. Rich, a vote of thanks was passed to the Insurance Company for the use of their office for the present meeting.—Adjourned.

NEW STORE.—Messrs. Chadbourn & Kendall, as will be noticed by their advertisement throw open to-day their new store No. 3, Free street block. It is a magnificent establishment for their business—that of woolens and gentlemen's furnishing goods. In fitting it up no pains or expense have been spared and the interior fixings are composed of chestnut, walnut and oak woods, while plate glass has been unsparingly used for the doors and windows.—All the interior arrangements have been made for the convenience and comfort of customers as well as occupants, and all the latest improvements have been adopted.

They are now opening a rich assortment of woolen and furnishing goods, and are not cramped for space to display them to customers. It is worthy of a visit to this establishment to see how handsomely and conveniently it is fitted up. Though burned out at the great fire they did not lose their courage and here is the result of their energy.

PORTLAND GAS COMPANY.—Among other interests which suffered severely by the fire of July last, this company was, as is well known, a loser to a considerable extent. By the energy, however, of the Superintendent, and other officers, the inconvenience was soon remedied, so far as the public accommodation was concerned. At the semi-annual meeting of the Directors on Saturday last, we are glad to hear that the financial affairs of the company were found to be getting back to their normal condition, and they were enabled to declare a dividend of three dollars on a share from the earnings of the last twelve months, which is doing pretty well under the disastrous condition in which they came out of the fire.

In another column will be seen the card of Dr. Wm. H. Sweet, the great natural bone setter, who is one of the celebrated family that have achieved a world wide reputation, having had patients from all parts of the country, Europe and South America. Their practice has been extensive, and some of the most difficult cases have been cured by them. Our readers are referred to our townsman, Geo. M. Elder, Esq., who was formerly one of his patients, and is abundantly satisfied with his skillful treatment, having been cured after the case had been pronounced hopeless by the most skillful physicians.

THE Seventeenth Maine Regiment Association are to give a grand Military and Civic Ball, at Mechanics' Hall on next Tuesday evening. The success of their last promenade concert convinces us that this will also be a brilliant affair. The announcement will appear to-morrow, and meanwhile we advise all our ex-officers and citizens to make their arrangements to be present.

DRY GOODS.—Attention is invited to the great sale of dry goods at auction by Messrs. E. M. Patten & Co., which commences at their rooms on Plum Street this afternoon. An opportunity will be afforded this forenoon for examining the stock, which is a very large and choice one.

THE products of Messrs. Leath & Gore's factory, the steam refined soap, in their several varieties, are receiving the endorsement of extensive sale, and the commendation of all buyers and consumers. In moderateness of price and efficiency of action, they lead the vanguard of the great army of hard soaps.

ACCIDENT.—A little son of Mr. Rufus D. Bean, met with a sad accident while sliding down hill last Saturday. He was very seriously injured internally it is supposed. Boys must be very careful in coasting, or some fatal accident may occur.

BAR MEETING.—The members of the Cumberland Bar are requested to meet at the Court Room on Chestnut Street, at 4 o'clock this afternoon,

Bidwell & Browne's Theatre.

MR. EDITOR,—When a theatrical corps come among us and establish themselves here and carefully adopt a high standard, playing tragedies, comedies and farces of unassailable worthiness, with "excelsior" on their banner, we think the public should give them all possible encouragement, that they may have substantial evidence that their efforts are appreciated.

Such a company is now at Deering Hall.—We write this without solicitation, as an expression of sincere appreciation of the endeavors of Bidwell and Browne's Dramatic Company to afford a desirable place of entertainment. During the past month, there has been brought out here such standard attractions as "Macbeth," "Richelieu," "Jack Cade," &c., with Joseph Proctor, the eminent tragedian, as star, and within the past week such plays as "Nell Gwynn," "Belle of the Season," "Hunchback," "Lucretia Borgia," "Griffith Gaunt," &c., with Miss Rachel Johnson and Mr. B. Macauley of New York as stars.

Mr. Proctor is well known as one of the finest actors on the American stage. Miss Johnson is a young lady, a Boston girl, of rare talent and ability, a few years since a pupil of Wyzeman Marshall; and if she improves as much in the future as she has since her *debut* at the "Hub," which we well remember, she will take a front rank among the best of the profession in this country. Her acting is very easy and natural, full of life, buoyancy and *esprit*. Her articulation in every part is distinct, clear and pleasing, and the tone of her voice is finely adapted to the successful rendition of the characters she assumes. She is ambitious withal, and hence gives every part she takes all the energy and care possible. Of course she has much to learn in the profession, but what we desire to say is, that few actresses possess her rare qualities, and with proper use and with discrimination in the choice of her plays, (choosing the wheat and letting the chaff go by,) she will ere long be found among the leading stars of the country.

The plays which have been presented the past week, and which are in preparation, are among the best, and we are glad to know the theatre has been filled with large and appreciative audiences.

The last sensation, "Griffith Gaunt," dramatized from Charles Reade's novel by Augustus Daly of New York, was presented last week, and proved a great card. The play is better than the book, the worst features being left out and many extra attractions inserted, making the piece one of the best presented for many a day. The introduction of the Lancashire Fair by Mr. Daly is one of the best hits of the day. Miss Johnson played Kate Peyton charmingly, and Mr. Macauley's "Griffith Gaunt" was one of the best things of the season. Several members of the stock company were well up in their parts, and appeared to fine advantage.

The new historic play—Matilda Heron's "Lesbia, or the Spy of Venice," is now being given, and we advise all to see it. The prominent position that Venice so recently occupied in the war between Prussia and Italy against Austria, and the terrible record of the Catholic inquisition, render this play a great attraction. Miss Heron has taken a special interest in Miss Johnson, and has entrusted her with the rendition of the character of "Lesbia," considering her one of the most promising actresses on the American stage. From Miss Heron's classic taste and high idea of the profession, her interest in Miss Johnson speaks volumes in her favor. "Romeo and Juliet," "Lady Audley's Secret," and "Love Chase," are also announced for this week—the last of Miss Johnson's stay. Mr. Macauley, who supports her in leading characters, plays with great taste and talent. Miss Dollie Bidwell is a leading actress, and always does well. Such actors as Bidwell, Browne, Wilson, Clarke &c., are valuable members of the profession. Miss D. P. Ingersoll is also an excellent actress, often playing difficult parts with great acceptance.

DRAMA.

BLINDNESS, deafness and catarrh. Dr. Carpenter, Oculist and Aurist, can be consulted at the United States Hotel, Portland, until February 1st, only.

NOTICE.—Ocean Association, Ex 4, will give a social Assembly at Mechanic's Hall on Tuesday evening, Jan. 15th. Music by Chandler.
Jan. 14—2t

THE STATE.

—A correspondent informs us that Rev. Dr. Tefft of this city delivered his lecture upon "How to make the most of Maine" before the M. E. Society of Gould's Academy, Bethel on Thursday evening last. It was received with marked attention and evidently made a strong impression upon the audience. The lecture is a fine one, and should be heard by all who are apt to grow discontented with our rough soil and inclement skies. Our correspondent wishes it could be delivered in every town in the State.

—The Eastport Sentinel says quite an extensive business is being done this winter by the fishermen in the waters in that vicinity in catching herrings with set nets, freezing them and selling them to parties who are there with vessels for the purpose of purchasing them. The price paid is sixty-five cents per hundred fish. The fishermen make good wages.

—The logging teams now engaged in hauling logs into the East Machias and Machias rivers, employ some fifteen hundred men and eight hundred oxen and horses, not taking into account men and horses in trucking hay and provisions to the camp, as we learn from the Machias Republican.

—The Machias Republican says the lath mills in that town will be kept running during the winter. Quite a number of teams are employed in hauling small logs to the mills, which are cut up into four feet lengths, and manufactured into laths. A cord of this wood will make about 4,000 laths.

—The Ellsworth American says that two daughters of J. H. Chamberlain, Esq., of that village came near losing their lives by suffocation on Saturday night last, from the effect of coal gas. The damper in the stove pipe got turned, probably from the draft of wind, and the gas escaped into the hall and thence into the sleeping room of the young ladies, their door being left open. One of the sleepers awoke, vomiting badly, but rushed into the room of her parents, awakening them. The other had to be aroused, her pulse being as low as 40. The doctor was called, and he said that in a few hours their lives would have been extinct.

—Liscomb and Campbell, killed at New Ulm Minnesota, recently, as mentioned by telegraph, were members of the 2d Minnesota regiment, instead of the 2d Maine, as stated.

New Publications.

CAMERON HALL; A Story of the Civil War. By M. A. C., author of "Bessie Melville," "The Young Epicurean," etc. One volume 12mo., pp. 543. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co.

We confess to have been quite unable to read this book to the end. A very few chapters are all we have found our courage equal to. It is a very silly book. The author remarks in her preface that "the North" will probably regard its pictures as "overdrawn." We think there is very little likelihood of "the North," or any considerable portion of it, troubling itself with anything so feeble. The story is professedly written from the Southern standpoint, and claims to present a truthful representation of the lives, the characters and the sentiments of the people of that part of the United States. We should be sorry to think it did so. We prefer to believe that the majority in that section are not so lost in the night of plantation ignorance as to suppose with this writer that all the honor, virtue, intelligence and culture of the country are comprised within the limits of the late Confederacy, and that the brutality, the meanness, the dishonesty, and all other vices, are monopolized by what she calls the Yankees. She has given us only one instance in her whole book of a bad Southerner, and that one put the climax to a dreadful career of crime by joining the Union army!—The domestic portion of the story is not ill conceived, and has some interest.

For sale by Bailey & Noyes.

AMATEUR DRAMAS for Parlor Theatricals, Evening Entertainments and School Exhibitions. By George M. Baker. Boston: Lee and Shepard.

This will be found a very useful little book to persons who are fond of private theatricals. The plots of the plays are simple, and easy of comprehension by the most inexperienced; the stage directions are carefully noted; no scenery is required; the furniture and properties can be readily supplied; and all of the pieces can be represented in the house or a common exhibition hall. The increasing taste for this kind of entertainment, and the convenience of having such a book for reference will be likely to give it a wide sale.

Short & Loring have it.

SWINGIN ROUND THE CIRCLE. Petroleum V. Nasby's own Book.

This latest collection of the sayings and doings of the inimitable Nasby—noticed in the *Press* some days since—is for sale by Messrs. Short & Loring.

A COMPROMISE.—We learn from the New Hampshire Statesman that the liquor dealers of Laconia, in that State, have agreed to abandon the traffic, and sell only ale and cider; the apothecaries will sell for nothing but medicinal and mechanical purposes, and the hotels only to traveling guests, and keep no open bars. This arrangement was brought about by a committee of citizens, and went into effect on the first of January. If the agreement is violated the law will be rigidly enforced.

A CURIOUS WILL.—A Montpelier (Vermont) paper says that a farmer who recently died in that neighborhood, disposed of all his property (about $6000 after paying debts) by giving it to his wife for life, if she shall remain unmarried, and after her death the whole to be expended in erecting a monument; but if the wife shall marry she is to receive $2000, and the remaining sum of $4000 is to be expended upon the monument; and, in erecting it, the executor is required to take good advice and expend the money judiciously and economically. The deceased has no children.

—It requires in New Jersey five years' desertion of a wife, on the part of the husband to entitle the lady to a divorce.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Professional Card.

Dr. WM. H. SWEET, one of the celebrated family of Sweet, BONE SETTER, from Rhode Island, but for the last 10 years a resident of New Bedford, Mass., having been associated there with his brother Job, with the most flattering success, has, through the solicitation of his friends and patients in the State of Maine, opened an office in this City, in House **No. 31 Gray Street,** (near Brackett St.,) where he will attend to all business pertaining to his profession: Such as Setting Bones, Dislocation of Bones, Injuries of Bones, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords, Hip Disease, Weak and Palsied Limbs, Spinal Complaints, Fractures, Rheumatic Affections, Sciatics, and Lameness in general. The Dr. flatters himself that, after having a natural gift, combined with a practice of twenty years in his profession, that he can cure most cases pronounced incurable by other physicians. Hundreds of Testimonials can be given, but it is deemed unnecessary here.

Office hours from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 5 P. M.

Jan. 14, 1867. jan15 d2w SN

Tilton & McFarland,

Desire to call the attention to the fact that more than

40

of their Safes gave AMPLE PROTECTION in the late fire. Parties desiring a

FIRST RATE SAFE,

At a MODERATE PRICE, will please call on
EMERY & WATERHOUSE,
Middle Street, Portland,
Or at 110 Sudbury Street, Boston.

☞ Second-hand Safes taken in exchange for sale.
Jan 15—sN1stw in each mo&dv remainder of time.

T. E. MOSELEY & Co.,

SUMMER ST., Boston, manufacture to order Gaiters of fashionable styles for Ladies, Misses and Children, made from the best materials, and warranted to give perfect satisfaction. jan15dlt

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only *true* and *perfect Dye*—Harmless, Reliable, Instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of *Bad Dyes*. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed *William A. Batchelor*. All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory 81 Barclay street, New York.

☞ **Beware of a Counterfeit.**
November 10, 1866. dlyrn

Hall's Vegetable SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

is the best article known to preserve the hair.

It will positively restore Gray Hair to its Original Color.

It keeps the hair from falling out. It is the best dressing in the world, making hair soft, brashy hair, healthy, soft and glossy. Price $1.00. For sale by all druggists.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
jan12 d&w1w 3 SN

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound, advertised in our columns, is a successful attempt to combine and apply the medicinal virtues of the White Pine Bark. It has been thoroughly tested by people in this city and vicinity, and the proprietor has testimonials to its value from persons well knows to our citizens. We recommend its trial in all those cases of disease to which it is adapted. It is for sale by all our Druggists.—Independant.

The Great New England Remedy!

DR. J. W. POLAND'S
WHITE PINE COMPOUND

Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years, in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

The White Pine Compound,
CURES
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a Remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel and other complaints. For Piles and Scurvy, it will be found very valuable.

Give it a trial!! you would learn the value of a
GOOD AND TRIED MEDICINE.
It is Pleasant Safe and Sure.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines generally.
Sold at wholesale by
W. F. Phillips & Co.,
J. W. Perkins & Co.,
And W. W. Whipple,
PORTLAND, ME.
sep29-deow6mSN

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A Cough, A Cold, or A Sore Throat,

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED.
If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S
BRONCHIAL TROCHES
HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,
TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.
Singers and Public Speakers
will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.
OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE
Dec 4—d&w6m SN

Mains' Pure Elderberry and Current Wines.

So highly recommended by Physicians, may be found at the wholesale drug stores of Wm. W Whipple & Co., H. H. Hay, W. F. Phillips & Co., E. L. Stanwood and J. W. Perkins & Co. jan12sNdly

WISTAR'S BALSAM
—OF—
WILD CHERRY!

HAS BEEN USED NEARLY
HALF A CENTURY,
With the most astonishing success in curing
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver complaints, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma and every affection of THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION.

The unequalled success that has attended the application of this med cine in all cases of

Pulmonary Complaints,

has induced many Physicians of high standing to employ it in their practice, some of whom advise us of the fact under their own signatures. We have space only for the names of a few of these:—

E. BOYDEN, M. D., Exeter, Me.
ALEXANDER HATCH, M. D., China, Me.
R. FELLOWS, M. D., Hill, N.

LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE
PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

Tuesday Morning, January 15, 1867.

LEGISLATURE OF MAINE.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE DAILY PRESS.]

STATE HOUSE, AUGUSTA, Jan. 14, 1867.

SENATE.

Petitions of sundry Lodges of Good Templars to amend the liquor laws were referred.

Ordered—That the Judiciary Committee inquire into the expediency of empowering the County Commissioners and municipal officers to grade highways.

On motion of Mr. Eaton, the Committee on Judiciary were instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the Constitution so as to allow suffrage to females.

Petition of Dexter & Newport Railroad Company that capital stock and town bonds be exempt from taxation for two years, was referred.

Mr. Hersey presented a resolve for the purpose of carrying into effect a resolve of 1864 in favor of Westbrook Seminary.

A joint select committee on internal improvements was raised, consisting of Messrs. Caldwell, Hersey and Brown of the Senate.

HOUSE.

Papers were received from the Senate and referred, and then House papers were taken up.

Petition of Rich and others for a charter for a railroad from tide water at Winterport and Frankfort to the Maine Central Railroad; petition of Charles Beal and thirty others, of Hudson, in aid of the petition of Martin Mower and others for authority to construct a canal from Pushaw Lake to Kenduskeag River: also other petitions in aid of same were referred to the Committee on Railroads and Bridges.

Petitions of numerous Lodges of Good Templars for change of liquor laws; petition of Linneus Cheatham and others for an act to incorporate the Lewiston Equitable Co-operation Association; petition for a charter for a ferry between the towns of Sullivan and Hancock; petition of Locke and others for authority to build a dam and sluice across Lower Lower Kezar River in Lovell; petition of D. M. Waitt, for incorporation of Dirigo Business College; petition of North Yarmouth Academy for State aid; petition of Mercantile Bank, of Bangor for renewal of charter; petition of Joseph Doane and others to be set off from Orrington and incorporated into a new town, were severally referred.

Ordered—That the Judiciary Committee inquire into the expediency of repealing the act of 1865 on fees of Notary Public.

On motion of Mr. Latham, of Wooksstock,

Ordered—That inquiry be made whether Town Treasurers shall be obliged to receive taxes of non resident owners, before advertisement and receipt.

The Homeopathic physicians of Maine meet here in convention, Tuesday, 15th inst.

XXXIX CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

Messrs. Wade, Sumner and others presented the petitions of wool growers, cigar makers, &c., complaining of inequality in the revenue laws.

Mr. Ramsey presented a memorial of the Minnesota Legislature, praying for improvement of navigation on the Mississippi.

All the above were appropriately referred.

Mr. Harris presented a petition of Gen. Sickles and others for the repeal of the law abolishing regimental bands. Referred.

Mr. Morgan presented a number of petitions relative to duties and tariff. Referred.

Mr. Cragin, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to set aside the net proceeds of the internal revenue in the territories for the years 1866, 1867 and 1868, for the erection of penitentiaries, which was passed and goes to the President for signature.

Mr. Anthony, from the Committee on Printing, reported adversely on the motion to print the petition of the New England Emigrant Aid Society for indemnification for property destroyed by a mob in Kansas.

The bill to change the mode of appointing pension agents came up, the question being on Mr. Sumner's amendment requiring that all officers whose salaries exceed $1,000 shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The vote was taken and the amendment rejected, 12 to 21.

Pending the consideration of the bill the morning hour expired, and the bill to regulate the tenure of office was taken up, the question being on Mr. Hendrick's amendment.

The proposition was debated by Messrs. Hendricks, Cowan, Williams, Frelinghuysen, and others, when, on the suggestion of Mr. Buckalew, Mr. Hendricks withdrew his amendment so as to allow debate on the general merits of the bill.

Mr. Howe moved to amend the third section by striking out the words "expiration of term of office or other cause" from the first clause. Agreed to.

Mr. Williams spoke on the general merits of the bill, maintaining its constitutionality, and showing the necessity of the measure.

The Senate then went into executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Bills were introduced, read twice, and referred as follows:

By Mr. Taylor, a joint resolution directing the President to cause discharges, written or printed, to be furnished to all volunteer commissioned officers who have served in the army or navy, and been honorably discharged, to the Military Committee; by Mr. Hart, a bill providing for the payment of bounties to representatives of soldiers who were killed or who died in the military service of the United States, whose term of enlistment is less than one year, to the Military Committee; by Mr. Shelladgarger, declaring forfeiture of certain privileges of citizenship for acts of rebellion against the United States, and providing for a resumption of those privileges in certain cases, to the Judiciary Committee; by Mr. Eckley, a joint resolution placing the United States police at the Treasury building on the same footing, and giving them the same power and compensation as the Capital police, to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds; by Mr. Washburne, Ind., re-establishing civil governments in the States lately in rebellion, excepting Tennessee, to the Reconstruction Committee; by Mr. Banks, to repeal so much of the naval appropriation bill of April 17th, 1866, as appropriates $25,000 for the purchase of the right of draining through the navy yard at Charlestown, Mass, referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs; by Mr. Noel, to amend the act regulating the elective franchise in the District of Columbia, so as to disfranchise no person on account of color, referred; by Mr. Niblack, a bill to repeal so much of the internal revenue laws as impose a tax on manufactured cotton, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means:

The resolution offered last Monday, by Mr. Loan, and afterwards by Mr. Kelso, in reference to impeachment, came up.

Mr. Kelso withdrew the previous question in order to allow his colleague (Loan) to address the House.

Mr. Loan thereupon proceeded to read a written speech, in which he arraigned the President for acts of his administration, and suggested that he was privy to the assassination of President Lincoln.

Mr. Hale desired Loans words to be taken down, and asked if charging the President with complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln was in order.

A page of Mr. Loan's manuscript was accordingly taken to the desk and read.

After lively debate between Messrs. Hale and Loan, the Speaker decided the point of order raised by Mr. Hale, saying this resolution makes a general charge of high crimes and misdemeanors, without specifying what those crimes are. The resolution being now open to debate, a member on debating it charges the President was an accomplice in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. That is certainly in order, both under the Constitution and the rules of the House.

Mr. Loan then continued his speech to the end.

The morning hour having expired, the resolution went over till Monday.

Several resolutions relative to the currency were proposed, but the House refused to suspend the rules to admit any of them.

Mr. Cook, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill suspending the law allowing payments to the owners of slaves who volunteered. Passed.

On motion of Mr. Banks the House unanimously condemned the Coolie trade.

The bill for the admission of Nebraska was then taken up.

The bill providing for impartial suffrage in Nebraska was debated until the close of the day's sitting. The House seconded the previous question by a vote of 68 to 67, and then without coming to a vote on the bill, adjourned at 4.40 P. M.

List of Killed at the Recent Massacre at Fort Phil Kearney.

FORT LARAMIE, Jan. 14.

The following are names of members of the 2d Cavvlry, killed in the recent massacre at Fort Phil Kearney: 2d Lieut. Horatio S. Bingham, killed on the 6th of December; Sergeant James Baker, Corporal James Kelley, bugler Adolph Metseger, saddler John McCarty; privates Thomas Anderson, Thomas Brogdin, Wm. S. Bugbee, Wm. S. Cornog, Charles Cuddy, Patrick Clancey, Harvey S. Deming, Hugh B. Doran, Robert Daniels, Anderson M. Fitzgerald, Nath. Foreman, John Gitter, Daniel Green, Chas. Gamter, Ferdinand Homer, Park Jones, James P. Maguire, John McCarty, Geo. W. Nugent, Franklin Payne, James Ryan, Oliver Williams, all killed Dec. 21st. The names of the killed in the infantry are not yet received.

Great Fire at Janesville, Wisconsin—Loss $1,200,000.

JANESVILLE, Jan. 12.

This city was visited by a destructive conflagration this morning. The Hyatt House, one of the largest hotels in Wisconsin, together with a church, express office, several stores, &c., were consumed. A woman was burned to death. Loss over $1,200,000. Insurance $250,000.

The New Orleans Riot.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.

The Grand Jury failed to find an indictment against any person concerned in the riots of July.

WASHINGTON.

The Occupation of Matamoras by Gen. Sedgwick.

Decisions of the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.

Mr. Ashley has been instructed by the Committee on Territories to report his amendment to the bill to re-establish civil government in North Carolina, as a substitute for Mr. Stevens' bill now before the House.

It is understood that the President has nominated to the Senate Edgar Cowan, as Minister to Austria.

The Government income exclusively from internal revenue sources, on Saturday, was $325,408.27; making a total since July 1st, of $175,471,184.90; leaving $100,000,000 to be collected for the balance of the fiscal year, to complete the estimates of David A. Wells, Commissioner of Revenue.

The manufacturing, trade and agricultural interests show continued enlargement, activity and enterprise.

In answer to a request, the President sent to the House to-day a communication from General Sheridan, dated New Orleans, December 21st, in which he gives the result of his trip to the Rio Grand, explaining that the motives which induced Gen. Sedgwick to take possession of Matamoras were unknown to him, but he alleges that the reason was the protection of American citizens, with their property.—He thinks that Gen. Sedgwick was made a cat's paw of by the merchants of that city, some of them claiming citizenship being ultra Maximilian's adherents, and late blockade runners. The occupation of Matamoras was a mere form to which Escobado made no objections. There is no doubt that this unauthorized and harmless intervention did much toward reconciling and bringing about the good state of affairs existing in Matamoras when Gen. Sheridan left Brownsville, enabling him to release Ortega who had but few friends on the Mexican side after the suppression of the Canales usurpation.

It apears that 285,496 persons arrived in the United States from foreign countries the past year, 39,000 of whom went West.

Associate Justice Field to-day delivered the opinion of the United States Supreme Court in the Missouri test oath case. John Cummins, a Roman Catholic priest, indicted for preaching and teaching without taking the oath prescribed by the Constitution of the State, being plaintiff in error, the Court decides that the test hath in this case is unconstitutional, being in its nature a punishment without trial, and in its character ex post facto, and as a bill of attainder. The judgment of the Court below was reversed, with directions that the plaintiff shall depart without delay.

Justice Field also delivered the opinion of the Court in the ex parte cases of Garland and Marr who, having taken part in the rebellion, ask to be readmitted to practice. The Court held that as the statute imposes a punishment for an offence which may not have been punishable at the time the offence was committed, it is in its nature an ex post facto law. Attorneys are noi officers of the United States; they are officers of Courts and hold their offices during good behavior. The Court is not the register of the edicts of any other power. The applicants obtained pardon from the President, which relieved them from the consequence of their offence and made them citizens in the eye of the law, what they were before they committed the committed the offence. Congress cannot limit its prerogative—it cannot be fettered by legislative restriction, and it followed that the prayer of the petitioners must be granted; the rule which requires an attorney to take the test oath must be restricted accordingly.

Associate Justice Miller, for himself, Chief Justice Chase and Associate Justices Swayne and Davis, read a dissenting opinion, maintaining that the practice in Court is a privilege, and attorneys are subject to legislation, the same as judges. The law makes no distinction, but requires all civil and military officers to take tot same oath. Attorneys exert a marked influence on the character of the Government. If all the attorneys in the South had been faithful to their allegiance as they are required to swear, we should have been spared the horrors of rebellion. It was not claimed by the majority of the Court that the law works attainder of the blood, therefore this is not a bill of attainder, nor did it appear that it convicted and designated persons, or declared punishment. Persons who arrayed themselves in hostility to the Government, and gave aid and comfort to the enemy, forfeited every right to appear in Court. This was not a criminal but a civil proceeding, which merely affected private rights, retrospectively.—

FROM EUROPE

NEWS BY THE CABLE.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT YOKOHAMA.

Ministerial Crisis at Constantinople.

Rumors of an Attempt to Assassinate Napoleon.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

The steamer Manhattan brings European dates of the 2d and 3d inst.

The returns of the revenue of Great Britain for the year were of that satisfactory nature that the Times anticipates that D'Israeli will have to deal with a surplus of about a million and three-quarters sterling.

More men preparing ammunition at Belfast were arrested on the night of the 31st, and the police found a number of rifles and bayonets in the house, together with bottles of Greek fire.

The Times says the year 1867 brings peace as a new year's gift to Europe, and financially never did a year open with better promises.

The Emperor Napoleon in his address to the diplomatic body on the 1st inst., said: "The opening of the new year furnishes me an opportunity of expressing my wishes for the stability of thrones and prosperity of nations.—I hope that we are entering upon a new era of peace and conciliation, and that the Universal Exhibition will contribute towards calming passions and drawing closer the general interest."

Interesting News from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 14.

Advices from the City of Mexico to the 8th inst., state that the French had withdrawn from the Northern States, and were preparing for a general movement to Vera Cruz to embark for home.

Maximilian had arrived in the capital, and stormy interviews had taken place between the Emperor and Castlemane, and it was reported that the result was that Maximilian had abdicated, though, as usual, these reports receive little confirmation.

An Austrian frigate had arrived at Vera Cruz, which, it was supposed, would take on board the Imperial property.

It is expected at Veaa Cruz that the French will all have left Vera Cruz and the country by the 1st of March.

Conviction of Fenian Prisoners.

TORONTO, Jan. 14.

The trial of Fenian prisoners was continued this morning, and Thomas H. Maxwell and James Burke were found guilty, but their sentences were deferred.

Patrick Norton pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to twenty years imprisonment.

THE MARKETS.

Financial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

The demand for money is a little more active to-day but all first class borrowers are supplied at e on call. There was a rumor on the street to-day that the Government was soon to pay off compound notes with greenbacks, which would certainly cause greater ease in money. The Treasury will to-morrow commence to disburse nine millions, as interest on 7-30's. Gold advanced to 34½ at the close. Governments closed dull and steady. Stocks as a little the last Board were strong and generally better. Transactions at the Boards to-day have been very heavy, Mining shares have been firmer to-day.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

Cotton—less active; sales 600 bales. Middling uplands at 34½ @ 35c.

Flour—dull, heavy and fully 10c lower; sales 4,700 bbls. State at 9 50 @ 12 50; Round Hoop Ohio at 12 00 @ 14 15; Western at 9 50 @ 13 90; Southern dull and drooping; sales 200 bbls. at 12 00 @ 17 00.

Wheat—dull and drooping; sales 9,000 bush. Amber State at 3 10; White California at 3 00; White Canada at 3 10; White State at 3 20.

Corn—dull and drooping; sales 29,000 bush. Mixed Western at 1 18 @ 1 18½. Yellow Jersey, new, at 1 08 @ 1 09.

Oats—dull and heavy; sales 8,500 bush. Western at 61 @ 65c. State at 67 @ 69c.

Beef—unchanged.

Pork—closed heavy; sales of New mess at 20 00½ @ 20 00½; old do 19 00½; prime at 16 75 @ 17 00½.

Lard—firmer; sales 1,000 bbls, at 11½ @ 12½c for old, and 12¼ @ 12½ for new.

Whiskey—quiet.

Rice—in good demand and higher; sales 200 tierces Carolina at 10 @ 10½c.

Sugar—quiet.

Coffee—quiet.

Molasses—dull and unchanged.

Naval Stores—quiet; Spirits Turpentine at 67 @ 68c. Rosin at 4 25 @ 10 00.

Petroleum—dull; sales at 19 @ 19½c for crude. Refined bonded at 29 @ 30c.

Tallow—more active; sales 10,900 lbs. at 11 @ 11½c. Freights to Liverpool—firm.

New York Weekly Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

Beef—under moderate supply opened firmer with firmer demand, prices having fully advanced ½ @ ¾c; great quality at 16c ℔ lb.; fair to good 14 @ 16c; common 12 @ 13c; inferior 11 @ 11½c, and towards the close rather less activity. Milch cows ruled dull though steady. Extra at $90 @ 110 per head; first quality at 80 @ 85; ordinary 60 @ 70; common to medium 50 @ 55; inferior 40 @ 45. Veal Calves in moderate request, and the market steady. First quality at 13 @ 14c ℔ lb.; ordinary at 12 @ 12½c; common 10 @ 12c; inferior 9 @ 9½c. The market for sheep and lambs continued firm with moderate business doing. Extras $7½ @ 8 ℔ head; prime 7 @ 7½; ordinary 6½ @ 5½ common 5 @ 5½; inferior 3½ @ 4. Swine market quiet and heavy; corn fed at 7½ @ 7¾; light and medium at 6½ @ 6¾.

New York Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

Increase in loans $1,083,025; increase in circulation $62,324; decrease in deposits $15,956.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.

Flour—inactive and 15 @ 20c lower; sales at 10 65 @ 11 00 for Spring extras. Wheat—very dull and 3 @ 3½c lower; sales No. 1 Spring at 2 20; No. 2 Spring at 1 93 @ 1 91. Corn quiet and 1c lower; sales at 78 @ 78½c for No. 1. Oats more active and ½ @ ¾c higher; sales of No. 2 at 40½ @ 40½c in store. Provisions firm.—Mess pork held firm at 18 50, buyers offer 18 25. Dressed hogs active and heavy at 8 00 @ 8 10. Lard 10c higher; sales at 6 70 @ 6 90. Live hogs in good demand, and 10 @ 15c higher; sales at 5 85 @ 6 35.

Receipts—9,600 bbls. flour, 27,000 bush. wheat, 27,000 bush. corn, 21,000 bush. oats, 6,000 live hogs, and 11,000 dressed hogs.

Shipments—10,000 bbls. flour, 15,000 bush. wheat, 4,500 bush. oats, 2,300 dressed hogs.

Cincinnati Markets.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 14.

Flour very dull. Whiskey dull 2 26 for bonded.—Hogs firm; sales 5607 at 7 15 light, and 7 36 medium to heavy; receipts 7305. Mess pork in fair demand; sales 1100 bbls. at 20 00. Lard firm; sales at 12c. Gold 133. Money scarce.

San Francisco Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.

Flour—extra at 6 50; superfine 4 75 @ 5 25. Wheat—shipping 1 75. Barley at 85 @ 95.

Commercial—Per Cable.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 14, Noon.

The Cotton market opened quiet and steady. Sales of to-day estimated at 7,000 bales. Middling uplands are still quoted at 14½.

LONDON, Jan. 14, Noon.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—The following are the opening quotations for American Securities: Illinois Central Railroad Shares 84½. United States 5-20's at 72½. Erie Railroad shares 44½.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 14, Evening.

The Cotton market closed very dull and to-day's sales did not even reach the noon estimate. The total sales reached about 6,000 bales. Notwithstanding the dullness prices for Middling uplands still remain firm at 14½d. Lard is quoted at 56 @ 55s ℔ hundred weight for American and St. Petersburg.—Petroleum closed at 1s 7d ℔ gallon of 8lbs. for Pennsylvania and Canada refined. Ashes—Pots are salesable at 33s ℔ hundred weight for American.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—The following were the closing prices of American securities: Erie Railway shares 45½. Illinois Central shares 84½. United States 5-20's 72½.

Dispatches from Paris and Frankfort-on-the-Main give the closing quotations for United States bonds this evening at those cities at 72½ and 76½, respectively.

Consols closed at 91 for money.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

SECOND BOARD—Stocks steady.

American Gold	134
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1862	107½ @
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1864	105
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons, 1865	105½ @ ¼
U. S. Five-Twenties, coupons '65, new issue	104½ @ ¾
U. S. Ten-Forties, coupons	98½ @ 100
U. S. Seven-Thirties,	104½ @ ¾
New York Central	118
Erie	65
Erie preferred	75
Hudson	125
Reading	104½
Michigan Central	106½ @ 107
Michigan Southern	79½
Illinois Central	119½
Cleveland & Toledo	125
Chicago & Rock Island	109½
American Express	72

Boston Stock List.

Sales at the Brokers' Board, Jan 14.

American Gold	134½
United States Coupon Sixes, 1881	108½
United States 7 3-10ths, 1st series	108½
" 2d series	108½
" small	104½
" 3d series	106½
United States 5-20s, 1862	107½
" July, 1865	104½
United States Ten-forties	99½
Ogdensburg 1st Mortgage Bonds	100
Boston and Maine Railroad	132
Eastern Railroad	107½
York Manufacturing Company	1500
Portland, Saco & Portsmouth Railroad	101
Western Railroad	135

Daily Press Job Office,

179 Commercial Street.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BOOK, CARD, & JOB PRINTING,

Executed with Neatness and Despatch.

Having completely refurnished our office since the Great Fire, with all kinds of New Material, Presses, &c., we are prepared on the shortest possible notice to accommodate our friends and the public with

Posters, Programmes,

BILL-HEADS, CIRCULARS,

Cards, Tags, Blanks, Labels,

And every description of

Mercantile Printing.

We have superior facilities for the execution of

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

Catalogues, &c.,

Which for neatness and dispatch cannot be surpassed

☞ Orders from the country solicited, to which prompt attention will be paid.

Daily Press Job Office

179 Commercial St., Portland,

N. A. FOSTER, PROPRIETOR

Jackson's Catarrh Snuff!

ELEGANT TROCHE and SNUFF

Combined for

Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bad Breath, Headache, &c.

Instantly relieves annoying **Coughs** in Church. Cures **Catarrhs** POSITIVELY without SNEEZING. Valuable to **Singers, Clergy,** &c., **clears** and **strengthens the voice;** acts quickly; tastes pleasantly; never **nauseates.**

Prevents taking cold from **Skating, Lectures** &c. ☞ Sold by Druggists or sent by mail ☞ Enclose 35 cts to

Hooper, Wilson & Co.,

(sep19eod1jun18'67) PHILADELPHIA.

W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Wholesale Agt.

The Crown Mining Company.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders in the Crown Mining Company will be held at the Chestnut street School House, in the city of Portland, on the seventeenth day of January, 1867, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

W. DAVIS, Secretary.

Portland, Jan. 2, 1867. Jan3eodtd

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

HAVING been burned out of my Rubber Store, 147 Middle St., I would solicit the trade of the citizens of Portland and vicinity, (until I re-open) to my headquarters, 85 Milk Street, Boston, where are kept every variety of goods made upon India Rubber comprising in part Rubber and Leather Machine Belting, Steam Packing, Gaskets, Rings, Hose for conducting and hydrant purposes, Rubber Clothing of every description, Combs, Balls, Toys, Undersheeting for beds in cases of sickness, Rubber Boots and Shoes, Tubing, Spittoons, Syringes, Gloves and Mittens, Elastic Rings and Bands, Piano Covers, Horse Covers with and without hood, Wagon Covers, Air Beds, Pillows, Cushions, and Life Preservers, Mechanics' Aprons, Rubber Jewelry, of beautiful patters, and all kinds of Rubber Goods that may be desired, all of which I will sell at manufacturers lowest prices.

Please forward your orders for the present to

H. A. HALL,

jul 13eodtf 85 Milk Street, Boston.

Cumberland National Bank.

THE Stockholders of the Cumberland National Bank of Portland, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders held at their Banking Room, on Monday, the 21st day of January, 1867, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may then come before them.

SAMUEL SMALL, Cashier.

Portland, Dec. 18, 1866. dec19dtd

COOPER & MORSE,

TAKE pleasure in informing their old patrons and friends that they have resumed business at their OLD STAND, former of Market and Milk streets, where they will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of

Meats, Poultry, Game, &c.,

That the market affords, and it will be their earnest endeavor to serve their customers with promptness and fidelity. dec1dtf

WORSTEDS!

347 CONGRESS STREET. 347

A Fresh Lot of CHOICE WORSTEDS, now opening by

L. M. CARTLAND,

347 Congress Street.

January 9. dtw

☞ Every style of Job work neatly executed at this office.

CITY NOTICES.

CITY OF PORTLAND.

WHEREAS the City Council, on the seventh day of Jan., A. D. 1867, passed an order directing the Committee on laying out and widening Streets, to consider the expediency of widening Franklin St., from Congress to Commercial Street: therefore,

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that the Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on laying out new streets, will meet to hear the parties and view the proposed way on the 19th day of Jan., 1867, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the corner of Congress and Franklin Streets, and will then and there proceed to determine and adjudge whether the public convenience requires said street or way to be laid out.

Given under our hands on this eleventh day of January, A. D. 1867.

AUG. E. STEVENS,
EDMUND PHINNEY,
AMBROSE GIDDINGS,
JOS. BRADFORD,
ELIAS CRASS,
W. P. FILES.

Committee on Laying out and widening Streets.

jan12d7t

Snow to be Removed from Footway or Sidewalk.

SECT. 63.—The tenant or occupant, and in case there should be no tenant, the owner, or any person having the care of any building or lot of land bordering on any street, lane, court, square or public place within the city where there is any footing or sidewalk, shall, after the ceasing to fall of any snow, it in the day time, within three hours, and if in the night time, before ten of the clock of the forenoon, succeeding, cause such snow to be removed from such footway or sidewalk; and, in default thereof, shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than two dollars, nor more than ten dollars; and for each and every hour thereafter that the same shall remain on such footway or sidewalk, such tenant, occupant, owner, or other person shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar nor more than ten dollars.

All persons are hereby notified to govern themselves accordingly, as the above ordinance will be enforced.

JOHN S. HEALD,
City Marshal.

dec18dtf

BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. The 47th Annual Course of Lectures in the Medical School of Maine, will commence Feb. 21st, and continue 16 weeks.

FACULTY OF INSTRUCTION.

SAMUEL HARRIS, D. D., President of the College.
J. S. TENNEY, L. L. D., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence.
I. T. DANA, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
W. C. ROBINSON, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
C. L. FORD, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
C. F. BLACKETT, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
W. W. GREENE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. H. JEWETT, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of women and children.
H. H. SEAVEY, M. D., Demonstrator in Anatomy.

Circulars containing full information will be forwarded on application to the Secretary.

C. F. BRACKETT, M. D., Sec'y.

Brunswick, Jan. 1, 1867. wtw2

Notice.

THE members of the Portland Society of Natural History are hereby notified to meet at the office of the Treasurer, No. 21½ Free street, on FRIDAY next, Jan. 18th, at 3 o'clock P. M., to decide,

1st, If the Society will sell their real estate on Congress street.

2d In case it is voted to sell, to authorize some person to sign and deliver a good deed of convenance.

WILLIAM WOOD,
President.

jan1dtd

I have just received from Mr. C. P. Kroll, of New York, one of his Patent Hair Brushing Machines, which I have now in operation at my new Shaving and Hair Dressing Room, No 316 Congress street, opposite Mechanics' Hall, where also may be found my REPRODUCTOR, NATURALIZER, &c.

dec15dtf H. H. JOHNSON.

Great Bargains in Worsteds

—AND—

WORSTED GOODS!

— AT —

MRS. C. W. JORDAN'S,

Corner of Dow and Brackett Streets.

Through the month of January, to close a stock.

Also a new seven octave PIANO, of Gilbert's, to let.

Portland, Jan. 2, 1867. cod2w

OIL and CANDLES.

LARD, SPERM AND WHALE OIL,
OLIVE, ELAINE AND RED OIL,
KEROSENE AND MACHINERY OIL,
SPERM & ADAMANTINE CANDLES, & SOAP,

For sale by **BRADSHAW & PATCH,**

aug 9—6m No. 7 Central Wharf, Boston.

Portable Steam Engines,

COMBINING the Maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than **600** being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address

J. C. HOADLEY & CO.

Nov. 6. 1866 3md. LAWRENCE, MASS.

Crossman's Polish,

Crossman's Polish.

Crossman's Union Furniture Polish!

THE best in the world for Polishing Mahogany, Walnut, Stair-Posts, Rails, Counters, or any kind of Furniture. This Polish has been used by Mr Crossman for the last twenty years, giving perfect satisfaction to all. It is warranted to stand a temperature of two hundred degs. of heat, and is not otherwise easily defaced. Furniture polished with it will be perfectly dry and ready for use in five minutes after the Polish is applied. Sold by Seventy-Five and Fifty Cts. per bottle; any one can use it by following the Directions on the bottle.

Reference—Messrs C. & L. Frost, Capt Inman, USA, Messrs. Broel & Tukey, Benj Stevens, Jr., Wm. Allen, N. M. Woodman.

For sale by Burgess, Fobes & Co, W. F. Phillips & Co., H. H. Hay & Co, Samuel Rolf, H. W. & A. Deering.

Manufactory 376 Congress st, up stairs, opposite head of Green st. S. C. RIGGS, Agent,

dec28dtf Portland, Maine.

Marbleized Slate Mantles!

Superior in Appearance, More Durable and at Half the Price of Marble.

T. B. STEWART.

605 Sixth Ave. New York.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue with prices. 1mde18

GREAT DISCOVERY!

ROGERS'

Excelsior Pain Curer.

The Best Preparation Ever Made

For the following Complaints:

ALL NERVOUS and NEURALGIC PAINS, PLEURISY PAINS, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, EARACHE, STIFF NECK, DIPHTHERIA, SORE THROAT and AGUE.

Also invaluable in all cases of Sprains and Bruises. Try it and you will be satisfied. Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by W. W. Rogers, Hampden Corner, Maine. Sold in Portland by H. H. HAY & CO., wholesale and retail. jan12dem*

FIRST ANNUAL SALE

OF

Fancy Goods!

— AT —

Greatly Reduced Prices!

DAVIS & CO.,

Having determined to reduce their extensive stock of LADIES'

Furnishing and Fancy Goods!

will sell, until further notice, goods at from

25 to 50 per cent. less than former Prices!

Please examine our prices and be convinced.

WE SHALL SELL

Good American Corsets for	$ .75
Ladies' Cotton and Wool Ribbed Hose,	.25
Children's ALL Wool Hose,	.15
Best Shetland Clouds,	1.00
Ladies' Hoods,	.85
Beautiful Breakfast Shawls from	1.75 to 5.50
One thousand Linen Collars for	.10
Ladies Paper Goods of all descriptions.	
Rich Embroidered Collars at	.25
250 Dozen Linen Hem Kerchiefs for 12½ cents each.	
500 " " " " extra, 17 " "	
100 " " " " very fine, 25 " "	
Ladies' Gloves, fleece lined,	.25
Children's Gloves, fleece Lined,	.15
BLACK KID GLOVES,	1.00
Best French Kid Gloves,	1.25

A full assortment of GERMAN ZEPHYR WORSTEDS, imported by us, and a superior article.

Fans, Veils, Under Garments, Corsets,

every kind and size, and

FANCY GOODS of all Descriptions.

An examination of this branch will convince all that we are making prices very low.

Dress Trimmings

at prices to suit. VELVET RIBBONS, black and colored, in any width; by the piece we make a discount.

☞ All our prices will prove to you beyond a doubt that goods are sold here cheaper than elsewhere.

☞ Remember the place, old stand of HERMANN GRUNTAL, now

DAVIS & CO.,

No. 10 Clapp's Block, Congress Street.

January 1, 1867. dtf

Horse Railroad.

THE stockholders of the Portland Railroad Company are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at the CAR HOUSE, corner of Spring and Clark streets, on MONDAY, January 21, 1867, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the choice of officers, and transaction of any other business that may legally come before them.

M. G. PALMER,
Portland, Jan. 10, 1867—eodtd Secretary.

PROSPECTUS.

THE PRESS

For 1867.

With the opening of the new year we presented to the readers of the

DAILY PRESS,

A Paper Enlarged to the size of the largest New England Dailies.

The enlargement of our daily edition is equivalent to the addition of between three and four columns to its size. This additional space will be devoted to details of important events, which we have heretofore been obliged to give in brief, and to selections from current literature, grave or gay, such as we have lately been obliged to omit altogether.

What the character of the paper thus enlarged will be, its past history will show. The PRESS was established primarily to represent the Republican party of Maine. It was impossible for the controlling party of the State to remain voiceless in this city. The PRESS will continue to defend the principles of the Liberal party of America. The war has closed one great cycle in our national history—the cycle during which aristocracy at the South and democracy at the North grew up side by side, a period of jealousy and conflict, resulting in an appeal to arms and the victorious supremacy of the democratic principle. We have entered on a state of transition, which seems likely to prove longer than most of us anticipated. The PRESS will insist upon a settlement which will secure the fruits of our victory. Nothing is settled till it is settled right. We must have democracy at the South as well as at the North—equal rights for all secured by equal laws, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, impartial suffrage. Of the profound convictions of the Republican party of Maine, the PRESS will remain a faithful exponent.

The present year will probably witness the extension of the telegraph round the world. The completion of that great enterprise will compel a change, which has already begun, in the management of newspapers. The leading features of the world's history will be registered from day to day by the telegraph. The expense of special dispatches from all parts of the world will prove too great for single newspapers, and correspondence will regain something of its old importance. Newspaper associations or news agents will assume the task of furnishing the daily dispatches, while correspondents will furnish details, explanations and illustrations, by mail. The Atlantic telegraph has already destroyed the system by which our foreign news has for years been furnished by steamer, and already the Tribune has its special correspondents established in almost every capital in Europe. We cannot rival the feats of New York journalism but we must be governed by the same considerations. In view of the intimate relations existing between Maine and the British Provinces by which she is environed, we are happy to announce that "SPURWINK'S"

Canadian Letters

Will be continued. We have also engaged

Regular Correspondents in Washington, New York, Boston and Augusta,

and occasional correspondents at various points throughout the State. During the session of the Legislature, we shall publish

Special Dispatches

from Augusta every morning, furnishing a synopsis of the previous day's proceedings.

To the people of Maine, and especially to people who have business relations with Portland, we hope to make the PRESS more valuable than any paper published outside of the State can possibly be. We shall publish the same telegraphic summary as other New England newspapers. We shall not publish special dispatches from Washington, but we shall have regular correspondence from that point, and a

Daily Summary of Maine News

which readers here would be sorry to miss. We shall have

Full and Accurate Market Reports,

forwarded by telegraph from all parts of the United States, from Canada, and from England. A weekly

Review of the Portland Markets,

and an accurate

Report of Maine Shipping,

in foreign and domestic ports, will be published as heretofore.

There will be

NO INCREASE IN THE PRICE

Of the DAILY PRESS. For

EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR!

We expect to furnish a paper,

The Largest in the State,

and as large as in other States is offered for ten or twelve dollars a year.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS

Is not like many weeklies, a mere waste basket for the leavings of the daily edition. It is designed to be as carefully made up as if it were a perfectly independent publication. It contains from week to week, the most important articles which appear in the daily, together with a considerable amount of

Matter Expressly Prepared for its Columns

We shall add to its attractions during the coming year,

An Agricultural Department,

To be conducted by the

Rev. WILLIAM A. DREW, of Augusta,

a veteran journalist, widely and favorably known in Maine, and a contributor for some time past to the PRESS over the signature of "Traxi." Mr. Drew's special qualifications for this work need no heralding. The

Shipping News of the Week

Will be published without abridgment in the STATE PRESS, as will also the

Review of the Portland Markets,

And the

Brighton Market Reports.

To country traders the weekly report of Portland prices currrent alone will be well worth the subscription price. In addition to a careful

Digest of General and State News,

We

Poetry.

The Popular Creed.

Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!
An empty pocket's the worst of crimes;
If a man's down give him a thrust—
Trample the beggar into the dust.
Presumptuous poverty's quite appalling—
Knock him over! kick him for falling!
If a man's up, oh! lift him higher;
Your soul's for sale, and he's a buyer.
Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!
An empty pocket's the worst of crimes.

I know a poor but worthy youth,
Whose hopes are built on a maiden's truth;
But the maiden will break her vow with ease
For a wooer cometh whose charms are these:
A hollow heart and an empty head,
A face well tinged with the brandy's red,
A soul well trained in villany's school,
And cash, sweet cash—he knoweth the rule;
Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!
An empty pocket's the worst of crimes.

I know a bold and honest man,
Who strove to live on the Christian plan;
But poor he is, and poor will be,
A scorned and hated thing is he;
At home he meeteth a starving wife,
Abroad he leadeth a leper's life:
They struggle against fearful odds,
Who will not bow to the people's gods.
Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!
An empty pocket's the worst of crimes.

So get your wealth, no matter how!
No questions asked of the rich, I trow;
Steal by night and steal by day,
(Doing all in a legal way;)
Join the Church, and never forsake her,
Learn to cant and insult your maker;
Be hypocrite, liar, knave and fool,
But don't be poor—remembered the rule:
Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes,
An empty pocket's the worst of crimes.

Curious Chinese Stories.

There is a well known Greek story of a penniless man who, going out with a rope in his hand to hang himself, found a purse of money, which induced him to throw away the rope, whereas the owner of the purse coming back to look for his property, and finding only the rope instead straightway hanged himself. A still more curious tale, of a similar kind, is told by the China papers. In the native city of Shanghai the parents of a young lady lately married, having fallen into distressed circumstances, applied to her for assistance, and her husband allowed her to give them a coat for the purpose of being pawned. The daughter, however, being anxious to render further aid without her husband's knowledge secreted $16 in the pocket of the coat. The old man did not discover this, and took it to a pawnbroker who noticing the money on unfolding the garment, kept his counsel and quietly advanced $2. Soon after the husband discovered that the wife had given the $16 to her father, and made so much noise about it that the young lady disposed of herself by hanging. In this way the news of the robbery committed by the pawnbroker became known to the parents, and the old mother took the matter so much to heart that she poisoned herself with opium. Lastly, the pawnbroker, getting alarmed on hearing that his dishonesty had already caused two deaths, drowned himself in a well. This story is very characteristic of the Chinese feeling in regard to life, and similar incidents not untrequently occur.

Some years ago, for instance, an accomplished young lady at Canton, who had been unfortunately married to a coarse and stupid husband, was bewailing her fate to a party of sisters and female cousins, and declared her intention of committing suicide. On this, the young ladies declared that, since such was married life, they would die too; and so the whole bevy of them joined hands together, and walking into a fish pond deliberately drowned themselves. Again three men imprisoned in Hong Kong gaol on a charge of piracy determined to make way with themselves rather than have the bother of a trial. At some height in the cell where they were imprisoned was a small window guarded by two iron bars, and the problem which these worthies had to solve was how the three of them were to be hanged upon these two bars. From the position in which they were found the ultimatum, it would seem that the third man had assisted the two others in hanging themselves from the bars by their tails; that then he had cut down one of them by gnawing through the tail with his teeth; and, using the dead body as a stool, to be afterwards kicked over, he had contrived to suspend himself. All this, too, was done so quietly as not to attract the attention of a sentry who was pacing outside beneath the window.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Popular Follies.

Hall's Journal of Health enumerates the following. The list is capable of being indefinitely extended. Indeed, if one should specify all the silly and ridiculous habits and practices by which the majority of reasoning mortals are injuring themselves, he would make a chapter as long as the Atlantic cable:

Walking along the street with the point of an umbrella sticking out behind, under the arm or over the shoulder. By suddenly stopping to speak to a friend, or other cause, a person walking in the rear had his brain penetrated through his eye, in one of our streets, and died in a few days.

Stepping into a church aisle, after dismission, and standing to converse with others, or to allow occupants of the same pew to pass out before, for the ocurtesy of precedence, at the expense of a greater boorishness to those behind.

To carry a long pencil in vest or outside coat pocket. Not long since a clerk in New York fell, and the long cedar pencil so pierced an important artery that it had to be cut down upon from the top of his shoulder, to prevent his bleeding to death, with three months illness.

To take exercise or a walk for the health when every step is a drag, and instinct urges us to repose.

To guzzle down glass after glass of cold water on getting up in the morning, without any feeling of thirst, under the impression of the health giving nature of its washing out qualities.

To sit down to the table and force yourself to eat, when there is not only no appetite to eat but a positive aversion of food.

To take a glass of soda or toddy, or a sangaree or mint drops on a summer day under the belief that is safer and better than cold water.

To economize time by robbing yourself of necessary sleep, on the ground that an hour saved from sleep is an hour gained for life, when in reality it is two hours actually lost and half a dozen others actually spoiled.

To persuade yourself that you are destroying one unpleasant odor by introducing a stronger one; that is, attempting to sweeten your own unwashed garments and person by involving yourself in the fumes of musk, eau de cologne, or rose water; the best perfume being a clean skin and well-washed clothing.

A LITERARY NEIGHBORHOOD—AN INTERESTING CORNER OF LONDON.—The London correspondent of a Western paper writes:

In the Northwestern corner of London, near the beautiful open fields of Kensal Green and Kilburn, there is formed by the junction of two canals a very pretty lakelet on one side of which there is a noble row of houses forming Warwick Crescent, while the other side is built in villas and called Bloomfield Road.—One of the finest houses in Warwick Crescent was the London residence of the gifted Mrs. Browning, and is still occupied by her husband, Robert Browning. Friends in passing, point to an upper window of the elegant mansion and say "That was the room in which Mrs. Browning studied and wrote." Almost any fine day the past three years, you would have seen a crowd of people on the bridge and watching the magnificent rowing of a young fellow on the little lake. That young fellow is the son of Florentine birth, so often and exquisitely referred to in the poems of Mrs. Browning. Whether or not he will ever develope any of the literary genius of his parents, he is unquestionably a splendid boatman. He is now about seventeen; goes to Oxford this year; and will be a good "mascular Christian," even if he does not excel as poet and scholar.

Just across the lakelet in one of the elegant villas of Bloomfield Road, lives another man of mark and fame in the world—a poet, a patriot and an exile. It is Gottfried Kinkel, the story of whose release from the Prussian prison by the daring ingenuity of Carl Schurz was recently told in a Paris paper, L'Evenement.

I remember as a boy seeing Dr. Kinkel no his visit to the United States. What a magnificent specimen of manly beauty, and even of majesty he was! When after the lapse of so many years, I met him again in London, I found traces of time, of toil, anxiety, disappointment and grief. His hair, which was once as black as the raven's plume, is now white; he is getting bald, and that athletic frame, which Prussian cruelty could not bow, is beginning to yield to the weight of years and sorrow. He has had deep domestic sorrows of which I need not speak; and the great grief of his heart must be the blighting of the patriot's hope for Germany. He has toiled most industriously, first in Edinburgh, then in London. He has achieved the highest position as a lecturer on art and literature, and now the crown of honor and success in his recent appointment to a professorship in the renowned University of Zurich. He has accepted the position, and will enter upon its duties in September.

ROLLINS & GILKEY,
At the old stand of E. Dana, Jr
APOTHECARIES,
Deering Block, Corner of Congress and Preble Sts.,
PORTLAND, ME.
Foreign and Domestic Drugs, Chemicals, Fluid Extracts, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, and Fancy Goods.
Physician's prescriptions carefully prepared, either by day or night.
Mr. Charles B. Greenleaf, who has been at this stand for a number of years, will remain as prescription clerk.
sep21-eod&wtf

DIVIDEND.

THE PORTLAND COMPANY will pay a Dividend of THREE PER CENT free from Government Tax, at the Merchants National Bank, on and after the 21st inst. to all stockholders borne on the books of the Company on the 15th inst.
THOS. LINCOLN CASEY, Treasurer.
Portland, Jan 2d, 1867. ja3d2w

The Gothic Furnace!

FOR Wood or Coal is the most powerful furnace in use, and has the most radiating surface. Judge Bullock of the U. S. District Court for Rhode Island says "I have used your furnace No. 10 two winters; it is simple in construction. I am entirely satisfied with it and deem it preferable to any hot air furnace I have seen".
ALEX. M. LESLEY,
Mfr. 605 6th Avenue, New York.
A circular sent by request. dc26d1m

MEDICAL.

"The wonderful progress of medical Science during the *past six years*, only makes it possible for the conscientious Physician to declare, now that, CONSUMPTION IS AS CERTAINLY CURED as *Intermittent Fever*, and as CERTAINLY PREVENTED as *Small Pox*."—*Chas. E. King, M. D., L. L. D., etc.*

KING'S
PREPARED PRESCRIPTION,
[MADE FROM THE PRESCRIPTION OF REV. CHAS. E. KING, M. D. L. L. D., &c.]
is confidently presented to the public for the Prevention and cure of

CONSUMPTION.

(in the most advanced stages,)
for the radical Cure of ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, and all affections of the THROAT and AIR PASSAGES: for General and Special derangements of the NERVOUS SYSTEM: and for all Functional Disorders of the Stomach and Bowels.

It immediately increases the strength and deepens the color of the pale blood. It subdues the Chills and Fever, and diminishes the Expectoration. It checks the Night Sweats always in from seven to fourteen days. The appetite is at once invigorated, and the patient rapidly gains flesh; the cough and the difficult breathing are speedily relieved, the sleep becomes calm and refreshing: the evacuations regular and uniform. ALL THE GENERAL SYMPTOMS DISAPPEAR WITH A REALLY ASTONISHING RAPIDITY.

The PRESCRIPTION should be used in every case where the Physician commonly prescribes "TONICS, IRON, ACIDS, BARK, QUININE, COD LIVER OIL, WHISKEY, &c. And in every case, by whatever name known, in which there is exhibited any one or more of the following

SYMPTOMS:

Difficult or Irregular Breathing, Loss of breath, Cough, Wasting of Flesh, Bleeding from the Lungs, Loss of Strength, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, Night Sweats, Flying Pains through the Shoulders, chest, Face or limbs, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Giddiness or Dizziness, Excessive paleness, Sore Throat, Drowsiness, Sleeplessness, Sour Stomach, Heart-Burn, Oppression or sinking of the Stomach before or after eating, Remittant Fever, &c. and especially in all Female Disorder or Uterine Irregularities, such as Difficult, Painful, Suppressed, Scanty, Excessive, Delayed, Premature or too Frequent Menstruation.

Statements from Patients.

"Your Prescription saved my daughter's life, and has saved me hundreds of dollars."—REV. E. HUMPHREYS, Camden N. Y.

"We bless God for the benefit we have received from your Prepared Prescription."—REV. P. PIERREGRIN, Blossburg, Penn.

"Every one to whom I have recommended it has been benefitted much by its use."—REV. C. D. JONES, Racine, Wis.

BIBLE HOUSE, ASTOR PLACE, N. Y.,—In the early part of February, 1865, I was suffering from a violent cough, for which I had been treated, during the six months previous without any benefit. I had *Night Sweats* which completely prostrated me. In the evening, hoarseness would come on, which would prevent me from speaking above a whisper. I had then had two attacks of hemorrhage from the Lungs. My family physician assured me he could do more for me, yet I was growing rapidly worse, and had been compelled to leave business for nearly two months. All my symptoms indicated, unmistakably, the presence of CONSUMPTION. In the beginning of February Mr. HENRY FISHER *Treasurer of the American Bible Society*, procured me with a bottle of the Prepared Prescription. In a few days my appetite which I had entirely lost, returned; within a week my cough almost left me; and in less than two weeks the *Night Sweats* were broken up. Thenceforward I regained strength rapidly, and am now regularly at ending to my duties as clerk to the AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY, in whose employment I have been nine years. I am now enjoying good health. Your PRESCRIPTION effected a cure when my friends despaired of my recovery.
THOS. J. CONGER.

"I have had NERVOUS OR SPASMODIC ASTHMA for eleven years. During the last six years I have never had an uninterrupted nights rest. It often seemed to me that I would die before I could get air into my lungs. I was in great and imminent danger, and suffered so greatly from 'shortness of breath' that I was compelled to take frequent rests in walking from my residence to my place of business.

"About two weeks before I obtained the 'PREPARED PRESCRIPTION,' was the worst I ever passed. On obtaining the remedy, I took a teaspoonful at noon, and again at night, and slept all night without waking. I have NOT HAD A BROKEN NIGHT'S REST SINCE. * * * * I no longer look 'haggard,' have gained in strength and spirits, and am not at all afflicted with 'shortness of breath.' I shall be glad to have any one afflicted with Asthma call and see me.

"EZRA C. DANGDON,
No. 334 Fourth, St., N. Y.

The "PREPARED PRESCRIPTION" is put up in a $1 bottle, and is sold by W. F. PHILLIPS, Portland, Wholesale Agent. Sold at Retail by every Druggist in Maine—Druggists Generally. Orders may be addressed to the sole Proprietors, OSCAR G. MOSES & CO., 27 CORTLANDT STREET, N. Y., Consultation Free. Circulars containing PARTICULARS OF MANY CASES successfully treated, will be sent free by mail.
June 18 eod & eow

DR. LARCOKAH'S
Pulmonic Syrup.
FOR THE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pleurisy, Inflamation of the Lungs or Chest, Pain in the side, Night Sweats, Hoarseness, Consumption in its early stages, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

This remedy is too well known and too highly esteemed to require commendation here. It is regarded as invaluable in every household, and is heartily endorsed by the medical faculty, clergymen of every denomination, mothers, editors, members of Congress, and many of our most distinguished men in public and private life.

Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, &c.

Letter from Hon. D. W. Gooch, Member of Congress Massachusetts.
MELROSE, July 19 1865.
Dr. E. R. KNIGHTS—Dear Sir
I have used Dr. Larookah's Syrup in my family for six years, and have found it an excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all consumptive complaints, &c. I have recommended it to several friends, who have received great benefits from its use.

Letter from a well known Boston Druggist of twenty years experience, and Steward of Hanover Street M. E. Church:
BOSTON, March 9, 1865.
Dr. E. R. KNIGHTS: Having used LARCOKAH'S PULMONIC SYRUP myself and in my family for the past six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known, for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints. As I take cold very easily, I have had great opportunity to test the VIRTUES of this valuable remedy, and it has never FAILED me yet, however violent the disease. Having been in the Drug business for over 20 years, I have had good opportunities of knowing the virtues of the various medicines sold, and pronounce LARCOKAH'S SYRUP, THE BEST of any article EVER presented to the public.
Yours, W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover St.

CROUP.

MRS. J. R. BURSIS, 114 East 23d St., N. Y., writes Oct. 9, 1864: "During last winter three of my children were attacked with Croup, and from the violence of the symptoms, they were pronounced to be in much danger. At the instance of our pastor, Rev. Mr. Stiles, I tried Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup, which promptly relieved them, and in a very short time they entirely recovered. In gratitude for the benefit conferred, I cannot refrain from making this testimony public."

WHOOPING COUGH.

E. W. MAYER of Carleton, N. B., writes 7 Dec., 1859: "My son, five years old, was a few months since suffering greatly from WHOOPING COUGH. I never saw a more distressing case. I gave him Larookah's Pulmonic syrup according to directions and soon began to see improvement. The Cough became easier—the expectoration freer, and in two weeks the malady was entirely overcome."

BRONCHITIS AND CATARRH.

A. W. HARRIS, writes from whale-ship "Eldorado," March 11, 1861: "Having suffered for four years with Bronchitis and Catarrh in their most aggravating forms, I felt it my duty to state that I have been permanently cured by the use of Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup. I had paid large sums to physicians and for so called Catarrh Remedies, but until I used the Syrup I experienced no relief."

SPITTING OF BLOOD, PLEURISY, INFLAMATION OF THE LUNGS, PAIN IN THE SIDE NIGHT SWEATS, HOARSENESS, &c.

From Rev. B. F. BOWLES, Manchester, N. H.: "The bottle of Dr. Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup, you so kindly sent me, has been tried for hoarseness, with very good results; for this I would confidently recommend it."

From Rev. L. A. LAMPHER, North Hero, Vt. "I have used Larookah's Syrup, and feel under obligation frankly to acknowledge its excellence. While using your syrup, I have enjoyed better health than I had enjoyed for years. I have had slight attacks of hoarseness, but the Syrup would soon remove it. I find it is a mild and safe remedy also in Spasmodic Billious attacks to which I am constitutionally subject."

E. W. FIELD, Esq., writes from Virginia City, Colorado, March 11, 1863: "I feel very grateful for having Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup near me, my lungs being weak and demanding the most vigilant care. I believe the Syrup the surest remedy for Pulmonary Complaints that has ever been made available to the afflicted."

CONSUMPTION

WONDERFUL CURE OF A CHILD TWO AND A HALF YEARS OLD. GENTS:—My grandchild, a little girl of 2 1-2 years old, was taken sick in Portland, Me., in January, 1858. No one could tell what was the matter with her. But she was much pressed for breath; had a hard, tight cough; could not raise; her throat troubled her greatly; she seemed to be filling up, and though attended by the best physicians in Portland, they could not help her, and she declined; and for some three months was not expected to live. Her doctors, and at length her friends, gave up all hopes of her recovery. She was brought home to my house in Phipsburg, Me. We tried Cod Liver Oil, but the effect seemed rather opposite from good. She now could not move her hand, so reduced was she. I was taking Larookah's Syrup at the time, and commenced giving it to her, and in a week, she showed quite a change for the better, and we continued giving it to her. She gradually improved, and is now a perfectly healthy child. People were astonished to see what effect the medicine had on this child, and to see her get well by the use of Larookah's Syrup, which we believe to be the best medicine for Pulmonary complaints in the world.
Yours, H. LARABEE, Phipsburg, Me.

Space will permit the publication of but a tithe of the certificates which are constantly coming in from all quarters of the globe. Patients will find the most conclusive evidence of the value of this remedy, in a trial of it, which will cost but a trifle, and which may yield priceless results.

Large bottles $1.00—medium size 50 cents. Prepared by E. R. KNIGHTS, M. D., Chemist, Melrose, Mass., and sold by all druggists.

☞ Sold by W. F. Phillips & Co., W. W. Whipple & Co., J. W. Perkins & Co. Portland; George C. Goodwin & Co, Boston, and by all Druggists and Merchants. no28eod&wtf

GLAD TIDINGS!
W. G. G. R.
Wellcome's Great German Remedy.

PROVES the best Medicine I ever saw for Coughs, Colds, and Bronchitis. It has cured me of a bad case. S. H. PARTRIDGE.

☞ I find WELLCOME'S G. G. REMEDY superior to any Medicine I ever used in Influenza and Asthma. I cheerfully recommend it to the suffering.
Richmond, Me. Mrs. J. H. CONANT.

I was sick one year, finally had a Council of six doctors, took their prescriptions. I then took one bottle of Wel come's G. G. Remedy and got more help from it than all else I have taken.
Watertown, Ct E. J. WALTON.

L. R. I was afflicted eight months with Canker in mouth, throat and stomach. It assumed an alarming form. I had to quit business. I took three bottles of Wellcome's Liver Regulator and am quite another man. I have resumed business again.
Bangor, Me. S. S. NASON.

Wellcome's Liver Regulator has been worth more than $50 to my wife, for Liver Complaint.
Richmond, Me. C. WHITE.

Wellcome's Liver Regulator has been more than one hundred dollars' benefit to me, for Liver complaint long standing.
No. Yarmouth, Me. S. LORING.

Your Liver Regulator is all sold. Send us more. The people speak highly of it.
Camden, Me. YOUNG & CUTLER.

V. P. C. I regard Wellcome's Vegetable Pain Curer, the best thing I ever saw for internal pain and sore throat and lung. I. WIGHT.
Augusta, Me.

Send two dozen more of Wellcome's Pain Curer. It is doing wonders here, and throws Perry Davis into the shade. One case of Sciatic Rheumatism has yielded to it. D. N. KIDDER.
Bristol, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists. Sold by the Trade.
Prepared by L. C. WELLCOME & CO., Yarmouth, Me.
Jan1eod&wtf

MERCHANDISE.

LUMBER!
All kinds of
SPRUCE LUMBER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Frames and Dimension Lumber
sawed to order at short notice.
Clapboards, Shingles and Laths.
PERKINS, JACKSON & CO.,
High Street Wharf, 302 Commercial,
jan4dtf foot of High street.

$8. CHEAP COAL! $8.

WE can now offer nice CHESTNUT COAL at $8.00 per ton, delivered at any part of the city. Also for sale at the lowest market price,
Old Co. Lehigh,
SUGAR LOAF LEHIGH,
For Furnaces.
For Ranges and Cook Stoves, John's White Ash, Diamond, Red Ash, which are free of all impurities and very nice. Also Cumberland! A cargo just landed, fresh mined, for Blacksmith use.
Lehigh Lump, for Foundry Use!
☞ We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Choice Family Coal. Those wishing to purchase large lots will do well to give us a call before purchasing.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD
Delivered at any part of the city at short notice.
Randall, McAllister & Co.,
No. 60 COMMERCIAL ST.,
oc25dtf n Head of Maine Wharf.

Choice Muscovado Molasses
60 TIERCES 40 BBLS. } CHOICE MUSCOVADO MOLASSES for sale by
GEO. S. HUNT,
Jan8d3w 111 Commercial Street,

Southern Pine Floor Boards.

A QUANTITY of superior Southern Pine Flooring Boards, planed jointed and thoroughly seasoned, and ready for use. Also Lathes and long lumber, for sale by
E. T. PATTEN,
ja8dtf 293 Commercial St.

Trinidad, Muscovado and Clayed
MOLASSES,
in Hogsheads and Tierces; also a full stock of
GROCERIES, FLOUR & PROVISIONS
for sale by
CRESSEY, PLUMMER & COLE,
jan14d2w 163 Commercial street.

Southern Pine.

ABOUT 140 M very superior Flooring and Step Boards now landing at Custom House Wharf, and for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to
C. M. DAVIS & CO.,
Portland, Nov. 21, 1866. 117 Commercial street. nov22dtf

Coal, Coal, Coal.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the undersigned at their Wharf.
Cor. Franklin Wharf & Commercial St.,
275 Tons Hazelton Lehigh,
BROKEN AND EGG SIZE.
300 TONS LOCUST MOUNTAIN
EGG AND STOVE SIZE.
200 TONS LOBERY,
Free burning and VERY PURE, and all kinds
White and Red Ash Coal.
These Coals are of the very BEST quality, and warranted to give satisfaction.
ALSO, 500 cords of best quality of HARD and SOFT WOOD, which we will sell at the very lowest price and deliver it to any part of the city at short notice.
☞ Give us a call and try us.
S. ROUNDS & SON.
Jan 15th—dtf

Southern Pine Lumber

WE are prepared to execute orders for SOUTHERN PINE LUMBER, by the cargo, delivered with dispatch at any convenient port.
RYAN & DAVIS
April 17—dtf 161 Commercial St.

Saint Louis Flour!!

CHOICE New Wheat Family Flour of the most celebrated brands.
T. Harrison & Co.,
Plants. Eagle,
Brilliant XXX,
Dictator,
Trapical,
Amaranto,
Whitmore,
FOR SALE BY
Churchill, Browns & Manson
aug2dtf

Trinidad Molasses.

150 HHDS. PRIME QUALITY TRINIDAD MOLASSES for sale by
LYNCH, BARKER & CO.,
nov23dtf 139 Commercial Street.

Oat Meal and Buckwheat!

50 BBLS. SUPERIOR NEW OAT MEAL.
20 Barrels Southern Buckwheat.
Just received and for sale by
CHASE BROTHERS,
Head Long Wharf.
Dec 18, 1866.—T,Ta&S2w

MADAME ZADOC PORTER'S
Curative Cough Balsam,
PRICE, 25 AND 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
The Best, Cheapest, and Most effectual Remedy for Coughs, Colds, &c. the World has ever produced.
Purely Vegetable, contains no MINERALS, or other DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

The CURATIVE BALSAM is Warranted, if used according to Directions, to CURE in all cases, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Madame Zadoc Porter's Balsam is a PURELY VEGETABLE EXPECTORANT, prepared with great care and scientific skill, from a combination of the best remedies the vegetable kingdom affords.

Its remedial qualities are based on its power to assist the healthy and vigorous circulation of the Blood through the Lungs.

It enlivens the muscles and assists the skin to perform the duties of regulating the heat of the system, and in gently throwing off the waste substance from the surface of the body.

It loosens the phlegm, induces free spitting, and will be found very agreeable to the taste. It is not a violent remedy, but emollient, warming, searching and effective; can be taken by the oldest person or youngest child.

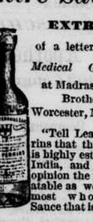
If you have a Cold, if ever so slight, do not fail to give the Balsam a trial, as the very low price at which it is sold brings it in the reach of every one, that they may always keep it convenient for use.

The timely use of a 25 cent bottle will often prove to be worth one hundred times its cost.

Sold by all Druggists.
HALL & RUCKEL, Proprietors. New York.
dec18 Ta&F&weow

Lea & Perrins'
CELEBRATED
Worcestershire Sauce!

PRONOUNCED BY Connoisseurs To be The "Only Good Sauce!"



And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a letter from a *Medical Gentleman* at Madras, to his Brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea & Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused many unprincipled dealers to apply the name to *Spurious Compounds*, the public is respectfully and earnestly requested to see that the names of LEA & PERRINS are upon the Wrapper, Label, Stopper and Bottle.
Manufactured by
LEA & PERRINS, Worcester.
John Duncan's Sons,
NEW YORK, Agents for the United States.
oc17d1y

New Store,
349 Congress Street, (Up Stairs.)
H. W. SIMONTON & CO.,
HAVE opened a Ladies' Furnishing Store, containing a good assortment of
Hoop Skirts, Corsets,
Under Clothing, Merino Vests, Collars, Cuffs, Worsted and Fancy Goods.
French Stamping
Done to Order.
349 Congress Street, (Up Stairs.)
oct24 dtf.

Choice Southern and Western
FLOUR AND CORN!
for sale by
O'BRIEN, PIERCE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers, 152 Commercial St.,
dec31d1y PORTLAND, ME.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVAL.

E. T. Elden & Co.,
Will Remove to their
New Store No. 5 Free Street,
And will Open on Monday, December 10th,
A Large Assortment of Rich and Low Priced
DRESS GOODS.
AMONG WHICH MAY BE FOUND
Black and Fancy Silks, Thibets--all shades,
Plain and Figured Silk Poplins, Ottoman Cloths,
Plain, Striped and Figured Wool Poplins at Very Low Prices, Alpaccas, DeLaines, Prints, &c.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Shawls, Silk Velvets, Cloths, and Cloaking Goods!
—AT—
One Price and No Variation!
Laces, Embroideries, Hosiery and Gloves at Astonishingly Low Prices!
MOURNING GOODS,
Of every Description. We shall make a BIG BREAK IN PRICES, and Bargains may be expected!
SEWING MACHINES.
☞ A Full Assortment at all times of the Celebrated GROVER & BAKER, Manufacturing and Family Sewing Machines, and Machine Findings, at Manufacturers' Prices. Every Machine Warranted to give satisfaction.
E. T. ELDEN & CO.,
Dec 10—dtf 5 FREE STREET.

RETURN
OF THE
ROYAL INSURANCE COMP'Y,
Of Liverpool, England,
For the Year 1866,
IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATUTES OF MAINE.

1. State the name of the Company? Royal Insurance Company.
2. Where located? Liverpool, England.
3. When Incorporated? 13th June, 1845.
4. Amount of capital? £2,000,000. Subscribed for, $1,922,300.
5. Amount of capital actually paid in? £ s. d. 288,845 00 00
6. Number of shares, and par value of each? 96,115 issued to public, $3 each paid.
7. Amount of fire risks outstanding? About 102,802,000 00 00
8. Amount of marine risks outstanding? No marine business.
9. Total amount of outstanding risks?
10. Amount of United States stock or treasury notes owned by the Company? State amount of each kind, and par value and market value of each.

	Par value per share.	Market Value, per share.	£ s. d.
$71,000 United States 6 per cent. stock, 1867	100	125½	11,965 09 00
75,000 do 6 per cent. stock, 1868	100	124	12,081 16 07
55,000 do 5 per cent. stock, 1871	100	97	8,110 05 07
282,000 do 5 per cent. stock, 1874	100	94	41,220 17 02
26,000 do 6 per cent. stock, 1881	100	104	3,900 00 00
			£77,878 00 01

11. Amount of State stock? State amount of each kind, and par value and market value of each. None.
12. Amount of bank stock? State amount of each kind, and par value and market value of each. None.
13. Amount of railroad stocks? State amount of each kind, and par value and market value of each 166,232 09 02
* As per memorandum A attached hereto.
14. Amount of railroad bonds? State amount of each kind, and par value and market value of each. £40,000 Great Western Railway Bonds. 100 100 40,425 00 00
15. Cash value of real estate owned by the Company? 185,859 14 00
16. Amount of cash on hand, and in Bank of Liverpool? 30,476 09 10
17. Amount of cash in hands of agents and branches? 51,924 05 10
18. Amount loaned on mortgage of real estate? 27,500 00 00
19. Amount loaned on collateral? On Life Policies, with personal and other securities 49,020 09 00
20. Amount loaned without collateral? None.
21. Amount of all other investments? *As per memorandum B attached hereto. 651,740 01 07
22. Amount of all premium notes on risks terminated? None.
23. Amount of borrowed money, specifying collaterals given for same? None.
Total £1,281,056 18 00
24. Amount of losses due and unpaid. None.
25. Amount of losses claimed and unpaid? None.
26. Amount of losses reported, upon which the liability of the Company is not determined? £20,401 12 02
Included in amount mentioned in reply to question 34.
27. Amount of all other claims against the Company? Unclaimed dividends £675 05 00; Duty collected for Government not yet due £17,986 01 09 } 18,661 06 09
28. Amount of cash received for premiums on fire risks, 414,733 13 00
29. Amount of cash received for premiums on marine risks? No marine business.
30. Amount of notes received for premium on fire risks? None.
31. Amount of notes received for premiums on marine risks? None.
32. Amount of cash received for interest? 21,109 19 06
33. Amount of income received from all other sources? Including £55,000 Life Profit, 88,145 11 01
34. Amount of fire losses paid last year? Including amount stated in reply to question 26 318,946 00 06
35. Amount of marine losses paid last year? No marine business.
36. Amount of dividends paid last year? 47,877 10 00
Amount of income tax paid on same? 797 19 04
37. Amount paid for expenses of office? 11,713 06 01
38. Amount of other expenditures? 104,857 03 07
39. Amount received in cash for fire risks terminated? About 374,580 00 00
40. Amount required to reinsure all outstanding risks? About 187,290 00 00
41. Amount of premium notes on risks not terminated? None.
42. Amount of delinquent notes not charged to profit and loss? None.
43. Highest rate of interest received? 9 per cent.
44. Highest rate of interest paid on money borrowed? None.
45. How many shares of capital stock are pledged to the Company? None.
46. Balance to credit of profit and loss account? This is in addition to £116,913 02 10 Reserved Fund, making, together, £213,190 10 03, 96,277 07 05
47. Balance to debit of profit and loss? None.
48. How many shares of the capital stock are owned by the Company, or not subscribed for? 3,885.
49. What amount of the capital consists of the Stockholders' notes? None.

*Memorandum A Referred to in Reply to Question 13.

	Par value per share.	Market value per share.	£ s d
£9,055 North Union Railway A Stock	100	218	31,226 02 09
7,000 South Eastern Railway 4½ per cent. preference stock	100	95	
730 Lancashire & Yorkshire Railway 6 per cent. stock	100	128½	
49,000 Chester & Holyhead Railway stock	100	5s	24,312 08 06
10,000 South Eastern Railway 4½ preference stock	100	95½	10,362 10 00
12,000 Lancaster & Carlisle stock	100	217	27,069 18 06
2,000 Lancaster & Carlisle 4½ preference stock	100	98	
820 £20 shares Merthyr, Tredegar and Abergavenny Railway	20	21	26,220 00 02
820 10 do do do do do	10	10½	
25,000 South Eastern Railway 4½ per cent. preference stock	100	95½	47,041 09 08
25,000 Birkenhead Railway stock	100	88½	
			£166,232 00 02

*Memorandum B Referred to in Reply to Question 21.

Details of Sundry Investments, Bonds, &c.

Bonds of Burial Board of Toxteth Park	28,444 03 04
British and Irish Magnetic Telegraph Company	10,000 00 00
Mersey Dock and Harbor Board	19,511 15 08
Toxteth Park Board of Health	7,474 18 10
City Offices Company	5,000 00 00
£100,000 India 4 per cent. Bonds	95,750 00 00
11,000 Canadian 5 per cent. stock	11,178 11 10
2,160 Liverpool Corporation Water Board	2,115 11 04
4,100 Mersey Docks and Harbor Board Bonds	5,086 12 05
Bonds of Burton-on-Trent Improvement Commissioners	15,302 02 08
Balance of sundry Loans accounts, secured by various British Railway stocks and shares margin of from 15½ to 52 per cent. above amount lent	455,882 02 03
	£651,740 01 07

STEPHEN HIGGINSON, Agent and Attorney,
1 AND 3 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.
☞ The subscriber has been appointed Agent of the above Company for this City, and is prepared and fully authorized to take risks on Buildings and Merchandise against loss or damage by FIRE.
The Company, as will be seen by the published Statement, has large means, and is entirely reliable, and losses under Policies issued here, will be adjusted liberally and paid promptly. Apply to
NATHANIEL F. DEERING, Agent,
OFFICE NO. 19 FREE STREET.
Portland, January 1, 1867. Jan2d3w

BAY STATE
LUMBER DEPOT,
Office, No. 441 Tremont St., Boston.
THE undersigned have established in connection with their well-known "BAY STATE MOULDING MANUFACTORY" an extensive yard for the purchase and sale of Lumber, giving especial attention to SEASONED HARD WOODS and now offer for sale a large and well-selected Stock of
Black Walnut, Cedar, Cherry, Oak, Ash, Maple, Sycamore, Chestnut, Butternut, Whitewood, &c.
In Boards, Plank, Joist, &c., to which they respectfully invite the attention of purchasers.
Also Common and Hard Pine, all qualities, rough or dressed for Floors, Sheathing, &c. Spruce Floor Boards worked and kiln-dried, ready for immediate use.
Our facilities for supplying the wants of Builders are unsurpassed, and parties at a distance ordering by mail, by giving reliable reference, can depend upon having their orders filled in a satisfactory manner—thus saving the time and expense of a visit to the city.
☞ Rosewood Veneers, Slabs and Logs of any desired quality, at less than New York prices.
Price List of Mouldings, Lumber, Doors, Brackets, &c., furnished on application.
Address orders and communications to
JOSEPH F. PAUL & CO.
Nov 29—eod3m

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Back to the old Middle St. Stand!
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers
—AT—
OLD TIME PRICES!!
G. M. ELDER
Begs leave to inform his friends, customers and the public generally that having rebuilt his store at
NO. 23 MIDDLE STREET,
is now prepared to sell at prices lower than the lowest all qualities and descriptions of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c.
Repairing done as heretofore, and all description of work manufactured to order. nov22dtf

Philadelphia Oak Tanned Leather
FIRE HOSE!
Military, Masonic and Firemen's
EQUIPMENTS!
Messrs. John L. Shaw & Co.,
after having been burned out of Federal street, July 4th, have resumed business in the room over the store of
J. TEWKSBURY & CO.,
CORNER OF
LIME AND FORE STREETS,
OPPOSITE THE NEW CITY MARKET.
Having prepared a stock of Oak tanned Leather in Philadelphia, they are now ready to execute all orders for
Philadelphia Oak Tanned Leather Fire Engine Hose,
Double and single ri